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**Private Medical Care Expenditures and Voluntary
Health Insurance, 1948-60**

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE • Social Security Administration

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In this issue:

	Page
Social Security in Review:	
Program operations	1
Private Medical Care Expenditures and Voluntary Health Insurance, 1948-61, by Louis S. Reed	3
Notes and Brief Reports:	
Railroad Retirement Act, as amended in 1961	12
1961 amendments affecting the Civil Service Retirement Act	16
Recent Publications	16
Current Operating Statistics	19

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Social Security in Review

JUVENILE DELINQUENCY LEGISLATION

THE Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Offenses Control Act of 1961 was signed by President Kennedy on September 22, 1961, and became Public Law 87-274. The law authorizes a 3-year program, beginning with the current fiscal year, that provides for (1) grants to finance projects that will demonstrate and evaluate techniques and practices for the prevention and control of juvenile delinquency and youth offenses, (2) grants for the training of personnel, and (3) technical assistance services to public and private agencies working in this field, including short-term training courses. An appropriation of \$10 million is authorized for each of the 3 years. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare will administer the act. He is to consult with the President's Committee on Juvenile Delinquency and Youth Crimes in the administration of the act.

PROGRAM OPERATIONS

About 316,000 monthly benefits were awarded under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program in August, 64 percent more than in July. In only 3 other months has the number of awards been larger. A contributing factor was the provision in the 1961 amendments to the Social Security Act making benefits payable to men aged 62-64. Old-age benefits were awarded to about 65,000 men aged 62-64 and wife's or child's benefits to about 21,000 dependents of these men during August, the first month for which the benefits were payable. Because of a generally lower average monthly wage and because the amount of the monthly benefit payable

to a retired worker under age 65 at entitlement is actuarially reduced, the average old-age benefit awarded to men aged 62-64 was \$71.20. For men aged 65 or over the average award was \$90.69 during January-June 1961, the latest period for which this average is available.

Beginning October 1960, the requirement for fully insured status was changed by the 1960 amendments to 1 quarter of coverage for every 3 calendar quarters elapsing after 1950 (or age 21 if later) up to the year of death, disability, or attainment of retirement age. (The requirement had been 1 for 2.) Beginning August 1961, under the 1961 amendments, only 1 quarter of coverage for every 4 elapsed quarters is needed for fully insured status. Retirement and survivor monthly benefit awards attributable to these liberalized insured-status provisions numbered 18,000 in August and brought the total number of such awards since October 1960 to 147,000.

	August 1961	July 1961	August 1960
OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE			
Monthly benefits in current-payment status:			
Number (in thousands).....	15,913	15,756	14,464
Amount (in millions).....	\$1,034.6	\$1,001.8	\$906.2
Average old-age benefit (retired worker)....	\$75.77	\$74.68	\$73.91
PUBLIC ASSISTANCE			
Recipients (in thousands):			
Old-age assistance.....	2,200	2,292	2,353
Medical assistance for the aged.....	59	82	-----
Aid to dependent children (total).....	3,450	3,394	2,982
Aid to the blind.....	105	105	108
Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	339	336	366
General assistance (cases).....	391	385	359
Average payments:			
Old-age assistance.....	\$68.44	\$67.96	\$68.75
Medical assistance for the aged.....	202.39	212.19	-----
Aid to dependent children (per recipient)...	30.52	30.24	29.38
Aid to the blind.....	73.81	73.25	73.05
Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	68.42	68.34	66.25
General assistance (per case).....	68.46	63.64	68.28

About 7,000 benefits for disabled workers under age 50 and 10,000 benefits for the wives, husbands, and children of these workers were included in the August total monthly benefit awards. In all, 135,000 benefits to disabled workers under age 50 and 157,000 benefits to their dependents have been awarded since November 1960. Lump-sum death payments totaling \$14 million were awarded in August to 68,200 persons. The average lump-sum amount per worker represented in the awards was \$212.17, a new high.

Amendments Bring Sharp Rise in OASDI Benefit Payments

At the end of August, 15.9 million beneficiaries were receiving benefits at a monthly rate of \$1,034.6 million—increases for the month of 157,000 in number and \$32.8 million in the monthly rate. The 1961 amendments raising the minimum monthly benefit and increasing by 10 percent widow's, widower's, and parent's (when only one parent is entitled) benefits accounted for about three-fifths (\$20 million) of the \$32.8 million rise. Monthly benefits were increased, on the average, by \$6.30 for widows and by \$6.20 for the old-age beneficiaries who received a larger amount for August.

Almost 401,000 applications for benefits were filed in August, only 13,000 less than in July but more than in any other month. About a fourth of the applications were from men aged 62-64 and their dependents.

Unemployed-Parent Families Add to ADC Caseload

The number of persons receiving public assistance went up about 70,000 in August to a total of more than 7.2 million. The increase was centered in the program of aid to dependent children, in which the number of recipients rose 45,200 in the 13 States that made payments to unemployed-parent families and 10,300 in the remaining 41 States. West Virginia, which made its first payments in behalf of dependent children of unemployed parents in August, reported an increase of about 23,000 in the number of recipients.

Increase in GA

Among the other programs, the largest changes in number of recipients were the increases of 7,500 or 14.6 percent in medical assistance for the aged and 7,000 or 0.7 percent in general assistance. The increase for general assistance was the first in 5 months. August increases had occurred, however, in 4 of the preceding 5 years. In aid to the permanently and totally disabled the number of recipients rose by 2,300 or 0.6 percent.

The caseloads in old-age assistance and aid to the blind continued to decline, but the changes were relatively slight. More than two-thirds of the States reported fewer aged recipients than in July. The largest relative decreases occurred

(Continued on page 20)

	August 1961	July 1961	August 1960	Calendar year	
				1960	1959
Civilian labor force, ¹ total (in thousands).....	73,081	73,639	72,070	70,612	69,394
Employed.....	68,539	68,400	68,282	66,681	65,581
Unemployed.....	4,542	5,140	3,788	3,931	3,813
Personal income (in billions, total seasonally adjusted at annual rates) ²	\$419.3	\$421.2	\$405.2	\$402.2	\$383.3
Wage and salary disbursements.....	282.8	282.3	273.2	271.3	258.5
Proprietors' income.....	49.5	49.5	48.7	48.2	46.3
Personal interest income, dividends, and rental income.....	53.2	53.0	52.2	52.0	48.9
Social insurance and related payments.....	26.3	26.4	23.4	23.1	21.3
Public assistance.....	3.3	3.3	3.2	3.2	3.2
Other.....	14.0	16.5	13.6	13.6	13.1
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.....	9.8	9.8	9.3	9.3	7.9
Consumer price index, * all items (1947-49=100).....	128.0	128.1	126.6	126.5	124.6
Food.....	121.2	122.0	120.1	119.7	118.3
Medical care.....	161.4	161.2	156.7	156.2	150.8

¹ Bureau of the Census and Bureau of Labor Statistics. Beginning January 1960, data include Alaska and Hawaii.

² Data from the Office of Business Economics, Department of Commerce. Components differ from those published by the Department, since they have

been regrouped; for definitions, see the *Annual Statistical Supplement, 1959*, page 1, table 1. Data adjusted to include Alaska and Hawaii except for 1959, but include pay of Federal personnel in all areas for all periods.

³ Data from the Bureau of Labor Statistics; exclude Alaska and Hawaii.

Private Medical Care Expenditures and Voluntary Health Insurance, 1948-60

by LOUIS S. REED*

PRIVATE expenditures for medical care in the United States amounted in 1960 to \$19.6 billion. This total was nearly \$1.6 billion more than that spent in 1959.

The data presented here for 1960 represent a continuation of a series of annual estimates made by the Division of Program Research and published each year, generally in the December issue of the BULLETIN. Slight adjustments have been made in the data for 1958 and 1959, published in the December 1960 issue, for conformity with adjustments made by the Department of Commerce in its series.

DEFINITIONS AND SOURCES

Private medical care expenditures, as set forth here, are the expenditures made directly by consumers or by health insurance plans on their behalf. They include payments made by patients for care in government hospitals. Payments made by government agencies to hospitals, physicians, and other suppliers of care under State and local public assistance programs and under two Federal programs—Medicare (the medical care program of the Department of Defense for dependents of members of the armed services) and the Veterans Administration "home town" programs—are excluded. Federal, State, and local government contributions for health insurance for government employees are included, however, as are all employer contributions or payments for health insurance for their employees.

Private contributions to hospitals or voluntary health agencies are excluded from the definition. Also excluded are business payments to hospitals, physicians, and the like for in-plant health services, medical care of injured workers under workmen's compensation, and life insurance examinations.

Hospital and medical benefits paid by insur-

ance carriers under the temporary disability programs of New York and California are, however, included. (These programs are established by law but provide benefits through private carriers.) Benefits paid under the public disability insurance program of California are excluded.

The data in this article are taken, in part, from estimates prepared by the National Income

TABLE 1.—Private expenditures for medical care: Amount and percentage distribution, by type of service, 1948-60¹

Type of expenditure	1948	1950	1955	1958	1959	1960
Amount (in millions)						
Total.....	\$7,647	\$8,645	\$12,849	\$16,506	\$18,020	\$19,566
Hospital care ²	1,689	2,126	3,512	4,822	4,805	5,324
Physicians' services ³	2,360	2,462	3,254	4,316	4,730	5,090
Dentists' services ⁴	900	961	1,505	1,850	1,894	1,992
Drugs and drug sundries ⁵	1,466	1,719	2,473	3,310	3,604	3,930
Eyeglasses and appliances ⁶	431	486	685	991	1,185	1,219
Other professional services ⁷	445	482	653	787	842	886
Nursing-home care ⁸	100	110	150	200	220	280
Health insurance, net cost ⁹	235	299	614	620	740	845
Percentage distribution						
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Hospital care.....	22.1	24.6	27.3	27.2	26.7	27.2
Physicians' services.....	30.9	28.5	25.3	26.0	26.2	26.0
Dentists' services.....	11.8	11.1	11.7	11.1	10.5	10.2
Drugs and drug sundries.....	19.2	19.9	19.2	19.9	20.0	20.1
Eyeglasses and appliances.....	5.6	5.6	5.3	6.0	6.6	6.2
Other professional services.....	5.8	5.6	5.1	4.7	4.7	4.5
Nursing-home care.....	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4
Health insurance, net cost.....	3.3	3.6	4.8	3.7	4.1	4.3

¹ For data for years not given here, see earlier articles in this series (*Social Security Bulletin*, January 1950 and December of each year 1951-60). Consumer expenditures include employer contributions to health insurance or health plans for employees. Excludes expenditures made by government agencies and by business enterprises (except as contributions to health insurance) and philanthropic contributions to hospitals. Data exclude Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and Guam and, except for 1960, Alaska and Hawaii.

² Estimated in recent years from data in the annual Guide Issue of *Hospitals* on patient revenues or operating expense, adjusted for estimated patient revenues in government hospitals, less government payments for hospital care under public programs.

³ Department of Commerce estimate (*Survey of Current Business*, July of each year) plus estimated salaries to physicians in group-practice prepayment plans and student health services. Department of Commerce estimate is income of physicians in private practice less income from nonconsumer sources—business, workmen's compensation, and government programs.

⁴ Department of Commerce estimate of personal consumption expenditures for these items (*Survey of Current Business*, July of each year).

⁵ Estimated on basis of estimated patient days of care in skilled nursing homes, multiplied by estimated average per diem cost.

⁶ Difference between income and benefit expenditures of all health insurance plans, from table 5.

* Division of Program Research, Office of the Commissioner.

Division of the Department of Commerce on personal consumption expenditures for medical care—estimates made as part of their estimates of all personal consumption expenditures and published each year in the July issue of the *Survey of Current Business*. The estimates made by the Division of Program Research differ from those of the Department of Commerce in the following respects: The figures used in this series include total private expenditures for hospital care; the data from the National Income Division include only expenditures in privately controlled hospitals and lump together hospitals and private nursing homes. The Social Security Administration figure for physicians' services is based on the figure from the National Income Division (estimated from the tax returns of physicians in solo or partnership service) but has been adjusted to take account of salaries paid to physicians in group-practice prepayment plans. The National Income Division's estimate of net expenditures for health insurance includes both medical care and disability insurance; the Social Security Administration data represent the net cost of insurance to obtain medical care only.

The distribution of medical care expenditures

by type of service may be presented in two ways: by what the money is eventually spent for and by the nature of the initial expenditures. The difference between the two, of course, arises from health insurance. A considerable part of the private expenditures for health care is made in the form of premium payments for health insurance. Part of these premium payments is used by insurance carriers to pay hospitals, physicians, and others for services provided to covered persons;¹ part is retained by the carriers to cover administrative expenses, additions to reserves, and profits. Hence the consumer's expenditure for health insurance is in part an expenditure for medical care and in part an expenditure for the risk-sharing and other services of health insurance. When, therefore, one is concerned with the proportion of the medical dollar used for a particular type of care, a decision must be made whether to allocate the cost of obtaining health insurance to each service or to treat it as a separate expenditure item. Both concepts are useful.

¹ Some part, of course, is paid back to policyholders to reimburse them for sickness expenses that they have incurred, but in principle such amounts may be considered as payments to those providing the services.

CHART 1.—Private medical care expenditures: Percentage distribution, by type of service, 1948 and 1960

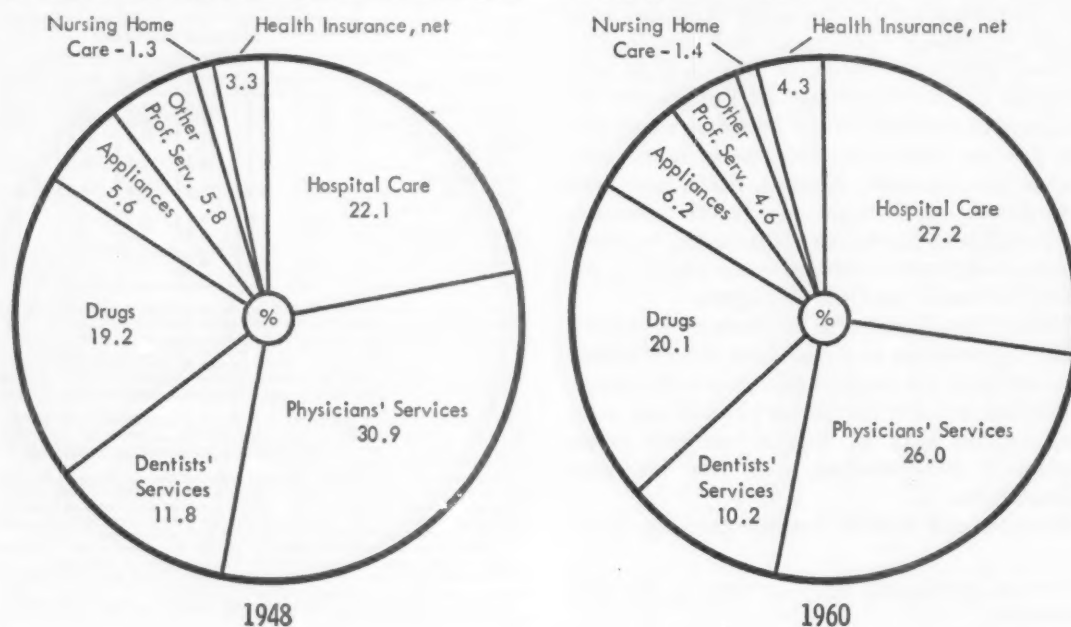


TABLE 2.—Private expenditures for medical care: Amount and percentage distribution, by type of expenditure, 1948-60¹

Type of expenditure	1948	1950	1955	1958	1959	1960
Amount (in millions)						
Total.....	\$7,647	\$8,645	\$12,849	\$16,506	\$18,020	\$19,566
Direct payments.....	6,785	7,354	9,699	12,099	12,881	13,725
Payments for insurance.....	802	1,201	3,150	4,497	5,139	5,841
Benefits.....	606	992	2,536	3,877	4,399	4,996
Insurance service.....	256	299	614	620	740	845
Hospitalization.....	1,881	2,315	3,851	4,863	5,244	5,843
Direct payments.....	1,234	1,446	1,833	1,931	1,860	1,967
Payments for insurance.....	647	869	2,018	2,932	3,384	3,876
Benefits.....	455	680	1,679	2,591	2,945	3,357
Insurance service.....	192	189	339	341	439	519
Physicians' care.....	2,424	2,572	3,529	4,595	5,032	5,416
Direct payments.....	2,209	2,150	2,397	3,030	3,277	3,451
Payments for insurance.....	215	422	1,132	1,565	1,755	1,965
Benefits.....	181	312	857	1,286	1,454	1,639
Insurance service.....	64	110	275	279	301	326
All other (direct payments only).....	3,342	3,758	5,469	7,138	7,744	8,307
Percentage distribution						
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Direct payments.....	88.7	85.1	75.5	72.9	71.5	70.1
Payments for insurance.....	11.3	14.9	24.5	27.1	28.5	29.9
Benefits.....	7.9	11.5	19.7	23.4	24.4	25.5
Insurance service.....	3.4	3.4	4.8	3.7	4.1	4.4
Hospitalization.....	24.6	26.8	30.0	29.3	29.1	29.9
Direct payments.....	16.1	16.7	14.3	11.6	10.3	10.0
Payments for insurance.....	8.5	10.1	15.7	17.7	18.8	19.9
Benefits.....	6.0	7.9	13.1	15.7	16.4	17.2
Insurance service.....	2.5	2.2	2.6	2.0	2.4	2.7
Physicians' care.....	31.7	29.7	27.5	27.7	27.9	27.7
Direct payments.....	28.9	24.9	18.7	18.3	18.2	17.7
Payments for insurance.....	2.8	4.8	8.8	9.4	9.7	10.0
Benefits.....	1.9	3.6	6.6	7.7	8.0	8.4
Insurance service.....	.9	1.2	2.2	1.7	1.7	1.6
All other (direct payments only).....	43.7	43.5	42.5	43.0	43.0	42.4

¹ Data from tables 1 and 5.

As in earlier years, estimates are presented that make it possible to derive figures on either basis. The form of presentation has been somewhat simplified this year. Table 1 shows the distribution of the private medical dollar by type of service, with the net cost of health insurance treated as a single item. In table 2, the net cost of insurance for hospital care and that for physicians' services is included with insurance benefits and direct payments as a cost of hospitalization or of physicians' care. As will be discussed in more detail later, the distribution of insurance benefits and the net cost of health insurance between types of service is somewhat rough. Some expenditures for drugs, private-duty nursing, dental care, nursing-home care, and appliances are now made through health insurance. The amounts spent for insur-

ance for these items are as yet relatively small, and there is no good basis for estimating them separately. They are included in table 2 and later tables, primarily with expenditures for physicians' services.

TOTAL PRIVATE EXPENDITURES FOR MEDICAL CARE

In terms of the type of service for which the money eventually went (table 1 and chart 1), 27.2 percent of the total expenditures was made for hospital care; an almost equal amount, 26.0 percent, for physicians' services in private practice and private group clinics; 20.1 percent for drugs, surgical supplies, and drug sundries; and 10.2 percent for dentists' services. Eyeglasses, orthopedic appliances, and hearing aids accounted for 6.2 percent; other professional services (those of osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, podiatrists, private-duty nurses, and other professional groups providing health services) accounted for 4.5 percent; and nursing-home care for 1.4 percent. Net expenditures to obtain health insurance service—the difference between total premiums paid to all health insurance organizations and the total expenditures for benefits made by them—amounted to \$845 million or 4.3 percent of all private medical expenditures.

In terms of initial expenditures (table 2), 70.1 percent of the total was spent in direct payments to hospitals, physicians, dentists, druggists, and so on, and 29.9 percent in payments for insurance. Of the total, 29.9 percent went for

TABLE 3.—Private medical care expenditures and national disposable personal income, 1948-60

(In millions)			
Year	Disposable personal income ¹	Private medical care expenditures	
		Total expenditures	As percent of disposable personal income
1948.....	\$189,300	\$7,647	4.0
1950.....	207,655	8,645	4.2
1955.....	274,448	12,849	4.7
1958.....	317,924	16,506	5.2
1959.....	377,349	18,020	5.3
1960.....	351,823	19,566	5.6

¹ Survey of Current Business, July 1961, pp. 8-9.

hospital care and hospital insurance, 27.7 percent for physicians' services and insurance covering these services, and 42.4 percent in direct payments for all other items of care.

It is obvious that during the past 12 years there have been important changes in the distribution of private medical care expenditures, both by type of service and by type of expenditures. The share of the private medical care dollar going for hospital care is larger now than in 1948, and the proportion spent for physicians' services is smaller. The share of the total spent for dental care has decreased slightly; that for drugs has increased slightly. The net expenditure for health insurance services, as a proportion of the total, has also increased.

Private expenditures for medical care represent approximately three-fourths of total national expenditures, private and public, for health purposes, exclusive of research and construction of facilities. A large share of all public expenditures for personal health services goes for hospital care, including the services of salaried medical staff. (This hospital care item consists chiefly of Federal expenditures for maintenance of the Veterans Administration hospitals and the net expenditures of State and local governments for maintaining mental, tuberculosis, and general hospitals.) A distribution of total national expenditures for personal health services would thus show a larger proportion going for hospital care and less for all the other items.

Private medical care expenditures in 1960 were equal to 5.6 percent of national disposable personal income. Since 1948, when the percentage was 4.0, there has been a regular and substantial increase in the proportion going for medical care (table 3). Per capita private expenditures

for medical care (total expenditures in relation to the civilian population) amounted in 1960 to \$109.62—more than double the 1948 amount (table 4). There has been a more or less continuous increase in per capita expenditures for all items of medical care. The per capita net expenditures to obtain health insurance dropped, however, from 1955 to 1958; since 1958 the increase has been resumed. The temporary drop was the result of reductions in administrative expenses, additions to reserves, and profits of health insurance plans.

MEDICAL CARE INSURANCE

At the end of 1960, according to estimates by the Health Insurance Council, 73 percent of the civilian population had some form of hospital insurance or prepayment, 67 percent had some type of insurance against surgical costs, and 48 percent had insurance for other types of physicians' services, mainly services in the hospital.

Table 5 shows, for the various types of voluntary health insurance plans in 1960, the income, expenditures for benefits, and amounts retained for administrative expenses, reserves, and profits. The data relate only to medical care insurance and do not include insurance providing cash payments for disability.

In 1960 the total premium income of all health insurance plans amounted to \$5.8 billion, of which \$2.5 billion represented the earned premium income of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans, \$3.0 billion the premiums of insurance companies for both group and individual business, and \$0.3 billion the income of all other health insurance plans. Among the latter—the so-called independent plans—the community- and consumer-sponsored plans and those sponsored by employers, employees, unions, or jointly managed welfare funds are predominant.

The premium income of all insurance plans represents, of course, the total expenditures of the buying public for health insurance. Of the total income received by all insurance plans, \$3.8 billion was for hospital services and \$2.0 billion for physicians' services. This distribution is made, in part, on the basis of estimated figures and, as will be indicated later, contains some degree of inexactness.

TABLE 4.—Per capita private expenditures for medical care, 1948-60¹

Type of expenditure	1948	1950	1955	1958	1959	1960
Total.....	\$52.68	\$57.56	\$79.17	\$96.81	\$103.13	\$109.82
Hospital care.....	11.63	14.15	21.64	26.38	27.50	29.89
Physicians' services.....	16.26	16.39	20.05	25.18	27.07	28.57
Dentists' services.....	6.20	6.40	9.29	10.79	10.84	11.18
Medicines.....	10.10	11.44	15.24	19.31	20.63	22.06
Appliances.....	2.97	3.24	4.22	5.78	6.78	6.84
Other professional services.....	3.07	3.21	4.02	4.59	4.82	4.97
Nursing-home care.....	.69	.73	.92	1.17	1.26	1.57
Health insurance, net cost.....	1.76	1.99	3.78	3.62	4.24	4.74

¹ Data from table 1, related to civilian population as of July 1 of each year.

Total expenditures for benefits of all health insurance plans amounted in 1960 to \$5.0 billion. Approximately \$3.4 billion was for hospital services and \$1.6 billion for physicians' services.

The difference between income and benefit expenditures is retained by the plans to cover operating costs. This amount represents for consumers the net expense of obtaining insurance. The total in 1960 was \$845 million, of which \$519 million represented the net cost to consumers of insurance for hospital care and \$326 million the net cost of insurance for physicians' services.

The data for the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans, shown in table 5, were obtained from the national organizations representing these plans. The data permit a fairly exact allocation of premium income and benefit expenditures between hospital care (inpatient and outpatient) and physicians' services. Some of the Blue Cross plans, however, have "extended benefit" programs, under which they pay for nursing-home care, some nursing services, and drugs. Some Blue Shield plans pay for dental surgical care in the hospital, and some have extended benefit programs under which drugs and nursing services as well as physicians' services are paid for. The benefit expenditures for items other than hospital care and physicians' services, for which no data are available, are increasing but are as yet relatively unimportant in the total.

Data on the income and benefit expenditures of insurance companies, for both their group and individual business, were provided by the Health Insurance Association of America. This association has estimated the allocation of premium income and benefit expenditures between hospital care and physicians' services.

Under the "major medical" or "comprehensive" policies of insurance companies, a single premium is paid and benefit expenditures are made for many different items of health care—nursing service, drugs, nursing-home care, and appliances, as well as hospital care and physicians' services. Exact data on the expenditures made under these programs for each item of medical care are unavailable. The association has estimated the allocation of benefits between the two major items—hospital care and physicians' services—and has grouped expenditures for nursing services, drugs, nursing-home care, and so on with those for physicians' services. Income has been allocated between hospital care and physicians' services on the same basis. The effect of this method of allocation is that the amounts shown for insurance benefits for physicians' services are larger than they should be. As a result, the amounts shown for direct payments to physicians are too low.

The national organizations of the Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans, the Health Insurance As-

TABLE 5.—Income, expenditures for benefits, and amounts retained for operating costs of voluntary health insurance plans, by type of carrier or plan, 1960¹

(In millions)

Type of carrier or plan	Income ²			Benefit expenditures ³			Amounts retained for operating costs ⁴		
	Total	For hospital services	For physicians' services	Total	For hospital services	For physicians' services	Total	For hospital services	For physicians' services
Total.....	\$5,841.0	\$3,875.7	\$1,965.3	\$4,996.3	\$3,357.2	\$1,639.1	\$844.7	\$518.5	\$326.2
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	2,482.1	1,767.3	714.8	2,287.1	1,642.5	644.6	195.0	124.8	70.2
Blue Cross plans ⁵	1,773.0	1,731.0	42.0	1,646.2	1,610.1	36.1	126.8	120.9	5.9
Blue Shield plans ⁵	709.1	36.3	672.8	640.9	32.4	608.5	68.3	3.9	64.3
Insurance companies.....	3,027.0	1,979.0	1,048.0	2,389.0	1,586.0	803.0	638.0	393.0	245.0
Group.....	2,104.0	1,311.0	793.0	1,901.0	1,232.0	669.0	203.0	79.0	124.0
Individual.....	923.0	668.0	255.0	488.0	354.0	134.0	435.0	314.0	121.0
All other plans.....	331.9	129.4	202.5	320.2	128.7	191.5	11.7	.7	11.0
Medical society, not Blue Shield.....	2.5	.9	1.6	2.2	.8	1.4	.3	.1	.2
Community and consumer.....	129.3	36.0	93.3	122.2	34.7	87.5	7.1	1.3	5.8
Employer-employee-union.....	181.9	58.5	93.4	179.8	59.6	90.2	2.1	-1.1	3.2
Private group clinics.....	11.2	1.2	10.0	9.2	.9	8.3	2.0	.3	1.7
Student health services.....	7.0	2.8	4.2	6.8	2.7	4.1	.2	.1	.1

¹ Data for Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans from the national organization of these plans. Data for insurance companies from the Health Insurance Association of America. Data on "other plans" from periodic surveys by the Division of Program Research, except for student health services for which the data are estimates based on available data. Data include medical care insurance premiums and benefits paid under the temporary disability insurance laws of California and New York.

² Earned premium income for Blue Cross, Blue Shield, and insurance companies. Total income for other plans. Income apportioned between

hospital care and physicians' services on basis of expenditures for plans for which precise data were not available.

³ Claim expenses for Blue Cross, Blue Shield; losses incurred for insurance companies. Benefits paid or cost of providing benefits for most other plans.

⁴ Amount retained for administrative expenses, premium taxes, additions to reserves, and profits.

⁵ Includes data for Health Services, Inc.

⁶ Includes data for Medical Indemnity of America.

sociation of America, and the Division of Program Research are aware of the inexactness resulting when all benefit expenditures are classified under either hospital or physicians' services, and it is hoped that in subsequent years a more detailed breakdown of benefit expenditures may become possible.

Data on the income and benefit expenditures of all other plans—the "independents"—are based on biennial surveys of these plans made by the Division. The last complete survey, made in 1960, obtained data for the year 1959.² Through questionnaire replies and other sources, however, 1960 data were obtained for 15 of the larger plans. These plans have more than half the income and benefit expenditures of all the independent plans. Estimates were made for the other plans by assuming a 5-percent increase from 1959.

In classifying benefit expenditures of the independent plans, all benefit expenditures for dental care, special nursing, drugs, and appliances were included in the expenditures for physicians' services. In plans furnishing both physicians' services and hospital care, it was assumed that premium income was divided between these two

items in the same proportion as benefit expenditures. The classification of dental care, drugs, and so on with physicians' services introduces an element of inaccuracy—as yet probably minor—that shows insurance benefits for physicians' services as somewhat larger than they really are.

GROWTH IN INSURANCE PROTECTION

Table 6 shows the growth in income and benefit expenditures of the major types of carriers or plans during the period 1948–60. Since 1948 premium income of all health insurance plans has increased sixfold. The highest rates of growth have been for Blue Cross-Blue Shield and the group business of insurance companies. The increase in the individual policy business of insurance companies and of "all other plans" has been less.

The percentage distribution of premium income and benefit expenditures among the major types of plans is shown in table 7 for selected years from 1950 to 1960. During this period the share of Blue Cross-Blue Shield in total premium income decreased from 44.5 percent to 42.5 percent of the total, while that for insurance companies increased from 46.9 percent to 51.8 percent (chart 2). The proportion of total premium income received by "all other" plans declined

² See "Independent Plans Providing Medical Care and Hospital Insurance: 1959 Survey," *Social Security Bulletin*, February 1961.

CHART 2.—Premium income of all health insurance plans: Percentage distribution, by type of plan, 1950 and 1960

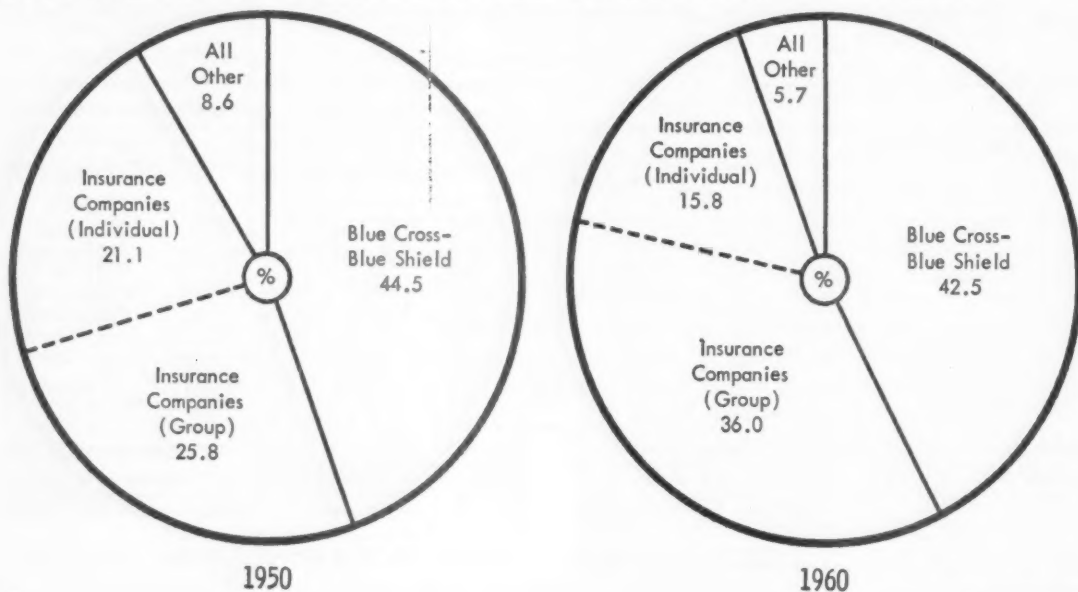


TABLE 6.—Income and benefit expenditures of voluntary health insurance plans, by major type of carrier or plan, 1948-60¹

[In millions]								
Year	Total	Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans			Insurance companies			All other plans
		Total	Blue Cross	Blue Shield	Total	Group	Individual	
Income								
1948...	\$862.0	\$365.0	\$315.0	\$50.0	\$421.0	\$212.0	\$209.0	\$59.0
1949...	1,015.5	455.3	362.2	93.1	461.0	241.0	220.0	99.0
1950...	1,291.5	574.0	436.7	137.3	605.0	333.0	272.0	112.5
1951...	1,660.3	684.9	505.5	179.4	797.6	468.6	329.0	177.8
1952...	1,993.4	851.3	616.2	235.1	957.6	569.0	388.6	184.5
1953...	2,405.3	988.6	708.4	280.2	1,181.4	722.6	458.8	235.3
1954...	2,756.3	1,133.7	806.5	326.0	1,389.6	867.3	522.3	233.0
1955...	3,149.6	1,292.4	910.7	381.7	1,626.9	1,022.5	604.4	230.3
1956...	3,623.7	1,493.2	1,046.3	446.9	1,839.1	1,216.3	622.8	291.4
1957...	4,143.9	1,667.8	1,162.9	504.9	2,175.0	1,476.0	699.0	301.1
1958...	4,497.5	1,866.9	1,306.3	561.1	2,314.0	1,606.0	780.0	316.8
1959...	5,139.2	2,157.4	1,522.5	634.9	2,639.0	1,853.0	786.0	342.8
1960...	5,841.0	2,482.1	1,773.0	709.1	3,027.0	2,104.0	923.0	331.9
Expenditures for benefits								
1948...	\$606.0	\$309.0	\$270.0	\$39.0	\$224.0	\$148.0	\$80.0	\$70.0
1949...	766.8	382.8	308.6	74.2	285.0	180.0	115.0	89.0
1950...	991.9	490.6	382.9	107.7	400.0	257.0	143.0	101.7
1951...	1,352.6	665.0	454.0	151.0	587.5	415.5	172.0	160.1
1952...	1,663.9	736.5	550.1	186.4	698.7	498.1	200.6	168.7
1953...	1,919.2	851.5	626.8	224.7	854.7	625.8	228.9	213.0
1954...	2,178.9	984.6	718.1	266.5	963.0	716.6	266.4	211.3
1955...	2,535.7	1,146.7	832.2	314.5	1,179.0	858.0	321.0	210.0
1956...	3,014.7	1,353.7	968.1	385.6	1,410.6	1,082.5	328.1	250.4
1957...	3,474.0	1,547.0	1,108.0	441.0	1,655.0	1,318.0	337.0	272.0
1958...	3,877.3	1,768.0	1,268.8	499.2	1,809.0	1,464.0	345.0	300.3
1959...	4,398.8	1,994.8	1,424.3	570.5	2,090.0	1,680.0	400.0	324.0
1960...	4,996.3	2,287.1	1,646.2	640.9	2,389.0	1,901.0	488.0	320.2

¹ Data for Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans from the national organizations of these plans. Data on insurance companies from the Health Insurance Association of America. Data on "all other" plans from periodic surveys made by the Division of Program Research.

from 8.6 percent to 5.7 percent.³ Benefit expenditures of Blue Cross-Blue Shield were 45.8 percent of the total—down from 49.5 percent in 1950; and those of the insurance companies were 47.8 percent—up from 40.3 percent in 1950. The "other plans" paid or provided benefits equal to 6.4 percent of the total, down from 10.2 percent in 1950. The showing, when hospital and physicians' services are considered separately, is about the same.

Table 8 shows the benefit and retention ratios in 1960 of the various types of plans as a percentage of premium income. For all plans together, benefit expenditures were 85.5 percent of income. Benefit expenditures were 92.8 percent of income for Blue Cross and a little less, 90.4 percent, for Blue Shield. Insurance companies in the aggregate had a benefit expenditure (loss) ratio of 78.9 percent—90.4 percent for

³ Part of this decline results from the fact that some formerly independent medical-society-sponsored plans have become Blue Shield plans.

TABLE 7.—Income and benefit expenditures of voluntary health insurance plans: Total amount and percentage distribution for hospital services and physicians' services, by major type of carrier or plan, 1950-60¹

Type of carrier or plan	1950	1955	1958	1959	1960
All hospital and physicians' services					
Income, amount (in millions).....	\$1,291	\$3,150	\$4,408	\$5,130	\$5,841
Total percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	44.5	41.0	41.5	42.0	42.5
Insurance companies.....	46.9	51.7	51.4	51.4	51.8
Group.....	25.8	32.5	35.7	36.1	36.0
Individual.....	21.1	19.2	15.7	15.3	15.8
All other.....	8.6	7.3	7.0	6.7	8.7
Expenditures, amount (in millions).....	\$992	\$2,536	\$3,877	\$4,399	\$4,996
Total percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	49.5	45.2	45.6	45.4	45.8
Insurance companies.....	40.3	45.5	46.7	47.3	47.8
Group.....	25.9	33.8	37.8	38.2	38.0
Individual.....	14.4	12.7	8.9	9.1	9.8
All other.....	10.2	8.3	7.7	7.3	6.4
Hospital services					
Income, amount (in millions).....	\$869	\$2,018	\$2,932	\$3,384	\$3,876
Total percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	50.2	45.0	44.2	44.9	45.6
Insurance companies.....	44.8	49.1	50.7	50.5	51.1
Group.....	22.8	30.7	33.2	33.7	33.8
Individual.....	22.0	18.4	17.5	16.6	17.2
All other.....	5.0	5.9	5.1	4.6	3.3
Expenditures, amount (in millions).....	\$680	\$1,679	\$2,591	\$2,945	\$3,357
Total percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	56.3	49.5	48.7	48.4	48.9
Insurance companies.....	37.3	44.1	45.8	46.6	47.2
Group.....	22.6	31.0	36.2	36.8	36.7
Individual.....	14.7	12.2	9.6	9.6	10.5
All other.....	6.4	6.4	5.5	5.1	3.8
Physicians' services					
Income, amount (in millions).....	\$422	\$1,132	\$1,565	\$1,756	\$1,965
Total percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	32.7	33.9	36.4	36.4	36.4
Insurance companies.....	51.2	56.2	52.8	53.0	53.3
Group.....	32.0	35.6	40.3	40.5	40.4
Individual.....	19.2	20.6	12.5	12.5	13.0
All other.....	16.1	9.9	10.8	10.6	10.3
Expenditures, amount (in millions).....	\$312	\$857	\$1,288	\$1,454	\$1,639
Total percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	34.6	36.7	39.2	39.3	39.3
Insurance companies.....	48.8	51.4	48.4	48.4	49.0
Group.....	33.0	37.7	41.0	41.1	40.8
Individual.....	18.8	13.7	7.5	7.6	8.2
All other.....	18.6	11.9	12.3	12.0	11.7

¹ Data for hospital services and physicians' services for 1948 not available by type of carrier. For years omitted here see the December issue of the *Bulletin*, 1951-54, 1959, and 1960.

their group policy business and 52.9 percent for their individual policy business. For all the "other plans," the ratio of the cost of benefits—either the expenditures for benefits purchased or the cost of service provided through their own facilities and staff—was 96.5 percent. The ratio was a little higher than in previous years because

TABLE 8.—Benefit and operating cost ratios of health insurance plans, by type of carrier or plan, 1960¹

Type of carrier or plan	Benefits as percent of income	Operating costs as percent of income
All plans.....	85.5	14.5
Blue Cross-Blue Shield plans.....	92.1	7.9
Blue Cross plans.....	92.8	7.2
Blue Shield plans.....	90.4	9.6
Insurance companies.....	78.9	21.1
Group.....	90.4	9.6
Individual.....	82.9	47.1
Other plans.....	96.5	3.5
Medical society, not Blue Shield.....	88.0	12.0
Community and consumer.....	94.5	5.5
Employer-employee-union.....	98.8	1.2
Private group clinics.....	82.1	17.9
Student health services.....	97.1	2.9

¹ Derived from table 5.

one large plan drew heavily upon reserves to pay out in benefits substantially more than it took in.

The difference between income and expenditures for benefits is retained by the carriers to cover the cost of operating the insurance program. Out of this must come administrative expenses, including selling; the premium taxes of 2-3 percent that must be paid by the insurance companies and a few Blue Cross and Blue Shield plans; and additions to reserves⁴ and profits. It should be clear that the amount retained for operating costs, as set forth here, is different from administrative expense. It would be possible for a plan to have a minus amount retained for operating costs in a given year if benefit expenditures were greater than income; the loss and administrative expenses would then be met from previously accumulated reserves or by borrowing.

Data were not obtained from the carriers on their administrative expenses, on additions (or subtractions) from reserves, or on underwriting profits for plans on a profitmaking basis. Although in any one year the amount retained for operating costs might be a minus quantity for any one plan or group of plans, in the long run the plans must retain enough to cover administrative expenses, to make necessary additions to reserves, and—among plans or carriers operated for profit—to leave sufficient profits to make their continued operation worthwhile. Consequently,

⁴ Additions to reserves are in a somewhat different category from administrative expenses and profits in that they are set aside for the provision of future benefits to subscribers or policyholders—that is, they are designed for eventual return to the purchasers of insurance.

the amount shown as retained may be considered as roughly equivalent to operating costs.

For all plans, operating costs as thus defined amounted to 14.5 percent of income. In terms of benefit expenditures, operating costs amounted to 16.9 percent.

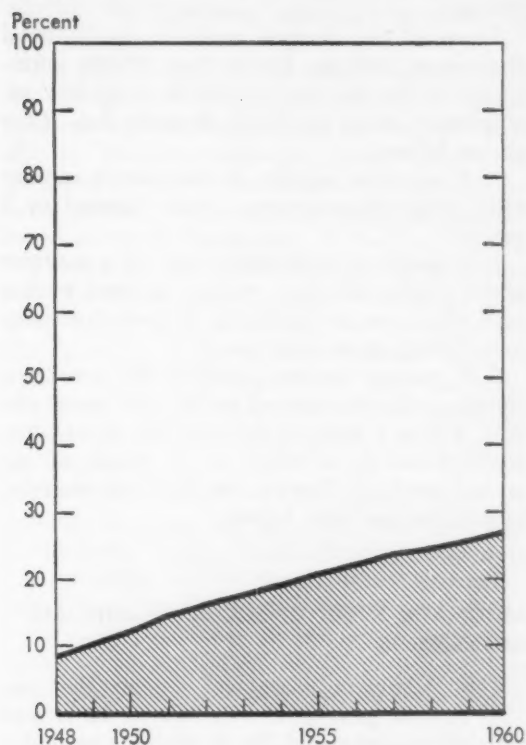
Blue Cross plans had a net operating cost of 7.2 percent of income; Blue Shield plans 9.6 percent of income. For both together the ratio was 7.9 percent. The insurance companies as a combined group had an operating cost of 21.1 percent of income. The ratio for their group business was 9.6 percent, and for individual policy business it was 47.1 percent.

The independent plans had a net operating cost of 3.5 percent of income. The ratio varied from 17.9 percent for the private group clinics to 1.2 percent for the employer-employee-union plans. The last ratio is atypical and reflects the fact that one large welfare fund plan drew heavily upon reserves in this year. Among plans that provide service through their own facilities and staffs and do not purchase service from outside physicians or hospitals, operating costs may not be a very meaningful figure. A plan may find it difficult, for example, to accurately allocate certain expenses between administration of a prepayment program and the cost of administering a group clinic. Among the private group-clinic

TABLE 9.—Private expenditures for medical care: Amount and percent met by voluntary health insurance, 1948-60

[Amount in millions]								
Year	Total medical care expenditures		Hospital services only		Physicians' services		Hospital and physicians' services	
	Amount	Percent met by insurance	Amount	Percent met by insurance	Amount	Percent met by insurance	Amount	Percent met by insurance
	With expense to obtain insurance excluded							
1948.....	\$7,391	8.2	\$1,689	26.9	\$2,360	6.4	\$4,049	15.0
1950.....	8,346	11.9	2,126	32.0	2,462	12.7	4,588	21.6
1955.....	12,235	20.7	3,512	47.8	3,254	26.3	6,766	37.5
1958.....	15,976	24.3	4,522	57.3	4,316	29.8	8,838	43.9
1959.....	17,290	25.5	4,805	61.3	4,730	30.7	9,535	46.1
1960.....	18,721	26.7	5,324	63.1	5,090	32.2	10,414	48.0
	With expense to obtain insurance included							
1948.....	7,647	7.9	1,881	24.2	2,424	6.2	4,305	14.1
1950.....	8,645	11.5	2,315	29.4	2,572	12.1	4,887	20.3
1955.....	12,849	19.7	3,851	43.6	3,529	24.3	7,880	34.4
1958.....	16,596	23.4	4,863	53.3	4,595	28.0	9,458	41.0
1959.....	18,020	24.4	5,244	56.2	5,032	28.9	10,276	42.8
1960.....	19,566	25.5	5,843	57.5	5,416	30.3	11,259	44.4

CHART 3.—Percent of private expenditures for medical care met by insurance, excluding expenditures to obtain insurance, 1948-60



prepayment plans, the relatively high operating cost ratio may reflect the fact that the physician owners preferred to take their remuneration largely in the form of profits instead of salaries.

PRIVATE EXPENDITURES MET THROUGH INSURANCE

In considering the proportion of expenditures for medical care met through insurance, it is important to define whether the expenditures include or exclude net expenditures to obtain insurance. Figures on both bases are useful but must be understood for what they are.

Table 9 presents the salient figures on both bases for selected years from 1948 to 1960. It will be seen that in 1960 insurance met 26.7 percent of total expenditures for medical care, excluding expense to obtain insurance. The proportion of total expenditures met through insurance increased by approximately 2 per-

centage points each year from 1948 to 1955. Since 1955 the growth in the proportion of expenditures met by insurance has been at a somewhat lower rate, a little more than 1 percentage point in each of the years 1958, 1959, and 1960 (chart 3).

Insurance met 63.1 percent of private expenditures (excluding those to obtain insurance) for hospital care in 1960 and 32.2 percent of total expenditures for physicians' services. For both hospital care and physicians' services, the proportion was 48.0 percent.

When net expenditures to obtain insurance are included as part of total expenditures, then in 1960 insurance met 57.5 percent of the expenditures for hospital care, 30.3 percent of those for physicians' services, and 25.5 percent of the total expenditures for all medical care.

Earlier articles in this series have shown the proportion of "currently insurable" and "potentially insurable" expenditures met through insurance. These estimates have been deleted from table 9 this year because of recent developments in medical care insurance.

The extent to which medical care expenses are insurable or should be insured against is, of course, controversial. At one time it was felt that physicians' services in the office and at home were not insurable or that there was no advantage to having prepayment or insurance coverage of these services. A substantial volume of insurance covering these services has, however, developed. Similarly, some years ago it was believed by many that there was no need for prepayment of dental care, but again interest in this type of prepayment has been manifest and a certain amount of dental prepayment or insurance has developed. The same pattern is apparent with respect to covering the cost of eyeglasses, appliances, and drugs. Present private medical care expenditures do, however, include certain items—such as extra charges for private (instead of semiprivate) hospital accommodations, nonprescribed drugs, and medical supplies for home medicine chests—that are not now covered to any extent and some of which are unlikely ever to be covered to any large extent under any type of health insurance program. The percent of expenditure covered by insurance would be little different from that shown in table 9, were these items omitted from the computation.

Notes and Brief Reports

Railroad Retirement Act, As Amended in 1961*

On September 22, 1961, President Kennedy signed Public Law 87-285 amending the Railroad Retirement Act. The changes are summarized below, and the principal provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act as amended are outlined in the accompanying chart.

The purpose of the amendments is to conform certain provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act to changes made in the Social Security Act by the 1961 and other recent amendments. Actually, many of the changes made in the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program either are not pertinent to the railroad retirement program (extension of coverage, for example) or, under the "minimum guarantee" provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act, automatically affect that program (for example, increases in benefit amounts).

CHANGES IN ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS

The principal change made by Public Law 87-285, first effective for October 1961, is to permit men to retire at age 62 with actuarially reduced annuities—a liberalization similar to that in the 1961 amendments to the Social Security Act. Retirement at age 60 (with reduced

* Prepared by Marice C. Hart, Division of the Actuary, Office of the Commissioner.

annuities for men) continues to be available only to railroad employees with at least 30 years of service.

Three of the changes made in the Railroad Retirement Act by Public Law 87-285 correspond to the revisions in certain eligibility requirements under the Social Security Act. They are as follows:

1. A spouse is eligible for a spouse's annuity after being married only 1 year (instead of 3 years).
2. A recipient aged 62 or over of a survivor annuity who marries a retired railroad worker aged 65 or over is eligible for a spouse's annuity immediately upon such marriage.
3. A woman who was qualified for a widow's annuity and who married another employee who died within 1 year of the marriage is not disqualified for an annuity as the widow of the second employee because she had been married to him for less than 1 year.

AUTOMATIC EFFECT OF SOCIAL SECURITY ACT AMENDMENTS

The "minimum guarantee" assures that the total amount payable in a month to the retired railroad employee and his dependents or to his survivors, on the basis of his earnings record since 1937, will be at least 110 percent of the amount that would be payable under old-age, survivors, and disability insurance if service as a railroad employee were included in the term "employment" as defined in the Social Security Act. In cases of entitlement to monthly benefits

TABLE 1.—Illustrative monthly retirement annuities under the Railroad Retirement Act, as amended in 1961

Average monthly compensation	10 years' service				20 years' service		30 years' service		40 years' service ²	
	Minimum guarantee applicable ¹		Minimum guarantee not applicable							
	Retired worker only	Retired worker and spouse ³	Retired worker only	Retired worker and spouse ³	Retired worker only	Retired worker and spouse ³	Retired worker only	Retired worker and spouse ³	Retired worker only	Retired worker and spouse ³
\$100.....	\$64.90	\$97.40	*\$50.00	*\$75.00	*\$83.50	*\$125.30	\$87.90	\$131.90	\$117.20	\$176.80
150.....	80.30	120.50	*50.00	*75.00	83.70	125.60	125.60	188.40	167.40	237.30
200.....	92.40	138.60	60.20	75.30	100.40	150.60	150.60	220.50	200.80	270.70
250.....	104.50	156.80	68.60	87.90	117.10	175.70	175.70	245.60	234.20	304.10
300.....	115.50	173.30	66.90	100.40	133.80	200.70	200.70	270.60	267.60	337.50
350.....	127.60	191.40	75.30	113.00	150.50	220.40	225.80	295.70	301.00	370.90
400 ⁴	139.70	209.60	83.60	125.40	167.20	267.10	250.80	320.70	334.40	404.30

¹ OASDI average monthly wage assumed to be the same as the average monthly compensation shown.

² Spouse assumed to be age at least 65.

³ Not payable until 1977.

⁴ Railroad retirement minimum.

⁵ All service must be after May 31, 1959.

under both programs, the sum payable under both programs is considered in determining whether the minimum guarantee provision is applicable.

The 1961 increase in the widow's benefit under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program automatically raised the amount payable to widows under the railroad retirement program, since for survivors of completely insured railroad employees the minimum guarantee is generally applicable.

The increase from \$33 to \$40 in the minimum survivor family benefit affects railroad retirement survivor annuities for the same reason. The increase in the minimum benefit payable upon retirement at age 65 or over has little effect, however, because the railroad minimum rather than the minimum guarantee is usually applicable.

The liberalization of the insured-status requirements, contained in the 1960 and 1961 amendments to the Social Security Act, is in effect incorporated in the Railroad Retirement Act, which provides that an individual is "completely insured" when he would be "fully insured" if railroad employment were treated as employment covered under the Social Security Act.

The increase in the tax rate provided by the Social Security Amendments of 1961 raised by $\frac{1}{4}$ of 1 percent the railroad tax rate beginning in 1965. The Railroad Retirement Tax Act, as amended in 1959, provides for increasing the basic tax rate for railroad retirement in 1965 and thereafter by the number of percentage points that combined employer-employee tax rates under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program exceed $5\frac{1}{2}$ percent.

FINANCIAL INTERCHANGE

Amendments to the Social Security Act may also affect the railroad retirement system through the financial interchange between the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance trust funds and the railroad retirement account. Benefit increases provided by such amendments favor the railroad retirement system, and increases in the tax rate represent a gain to the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance trust funds. In June 1961, \$336.9 million was transferred from the two trust funds to the railroad retirement account as a result of financial interchange calculations for the fiscal year 1959-60. It is estimated that substantial amounts—more than \$300 million—will be transferred annually from the trust funds to the account for a number of years in the future.

ILLUSTRATIVE ANNUITIES

Illustrative amounts of monthly retirement and survivor annuities are given in tables 1 and 2 for various combinations of average monthly compensation, years of service, and family composition. Some of the annuities shown cannot be awarded in 1961, however, because (1) it is now impossible to have had 30 or 40 years of service since 1936 and (2) average monthly compensation of \$350 or \$400 could not have been achieved by 1961. It will be several years before a railroad employee retiring with more than 10 years of service can have had average monthly compensation of \$400.

In table 1, persons with 10 years of service are considered in two categories: those who would have been fully insured under the Social Security

TABLE 2.—Illustrative monthly survivor annuities under the Railroad Retirement Act, as amended in 1961 ¹

Average monthly remuneration	10 years' service		20 years' service		30 years' service		40 years' service	
	Widow aged 60 or over	Two children and mother	Widow aged 60 or over	Two children and mother	Widow aged 60 or over	Two children and mother	Widow aged 60 or over	Two children and mother
\$100.....	\$53.60	² \$102.20	\$53.60	² \$111.30	\$53.60	² \$120.70	² \$55.70	² \$129.90
150.....	66.30	132.00	66.30	132.00	66.30	² 134.90	66.30	² 149.50
200.....	78.30	177.90	78.30	177.90	78.30	177.90	78.30	177.90
250.....	86.30	222.90	86.30	222.90	86.30	222.90	86.30	222.90
300.....	95.30	260.10	95.30	260.10	95.30	260.10	95.30	260.10
350.....	105.30	279.60	105.30	279.60	105.30	279.60	105.30	279.60
400.....	115.30	279.60	115.30	279.60	115.30	279.60	115.30	279.60

¹ All service assumed to be after 1936, with earnings of at least \$200 for each year of service. Minimum guarantee applies, unless otherwise indicated. Where minimum guarantee is applicable, OASDI average monthly wage

assumed to be same as average monthly remuneration shown.

² Minimum guarantee not applicable.

Principal provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act, 1961

Initial qualifications for benefits:

At least 10 years of railroad service is required to qualify for all but one type of benefit under the Railroad Retirement Act (see item A (8)). Persons with less than 10 years of service are transferred, in essence, to OASDI system.

A. Benefits payable to—

- (1) Age annuitant:
Aged 62 or over, but with annuity reduced 1/180 for each month under age 65 at time of retirement; or aged 60 or over if 30 or more years of service, but for men, annuity reduced 1/180 for each month under age 65 at time of retirement.
- (2) Disability annuitant:
Unable to engage in any regular employment, regardless of age or current connection with railroad industry, or unable to engage in usual occupation if having "current connection" with railroad industry when disabled and either 20 or more years of service or aged 60 or over.
- (3) Spouse of annuitant aged 65 or over:
Aged 65 or over or any age with child (including disabled child) in care, if child would qualify for survivor benefit on death of annuitant; or aged 62-64 (with reduction of 1/180 for each month under age 65).
- (4) Widow:
Aged 60 or over, or with dependent child under age 18 (or aged 18 or over if child is disabled and disability began before that age). Dependent widower aged 60 or over.
- (5) Children of deceased individual:
Under age 18 (or aged 18 or over if disabled and disability began before that age).
- (6) Dependent parent:
Aged 60 or over, and no surviving spouse or child who could ever receive monthly benefits.
- (7) Lump-sum death payment:
Generally for deaths when no monthly benefits are payable immediately.
- (8) Residual death payment:
Payable after all benefit rights, including those of survivors, have terminated—to assure total payments of at least employee contributions paid plus some allowance for interest. Suitable modifications for those with less than 10 years' service. (See item on initial qualification.)

B. Insured status for survivor benefits

- (1) "Quarter of coverage":
In general, calendar quarters with \$50 or more of railroad compensation after 1936 or similar credits under OASDI.
- (2) "Current connection":
In general, exists at time of retirement or death if worker had 1 year of railroad service in preceding 2½ years.
- (3) Completely insured status:
(a) Current connection, and (i) 1 quarter of coverage¹ for each 2 quarters after 1936 (or after age 21 if later) and before age 65 (or death or retirement if earlier), with minimum of 6 quarters of coverage; or (ii) 40 quarters of coverage;¹ or (iii) would be fully insured, on the basis of combined earnings, under OASDI; or
(b) Retirement annuity based on at least 10 years of service accrued before 1948, or pension payable from former railroad private plans.
- (4) Partially insured status:
Current connection, and 6 quarters of coverage in year of death or retirement and 3 preceding years.
- (5) Transfer of credits to OASDI system:
If not insured as in items (3) and (4), railroad credits used in determining survivor benefits under OASDI.

C. Amount of retirement benefits

- (1) "Years of service":
All service after 1936 plus (for those in specified "employment relation" on Aug. 29, 1935) service before 1937 that together total not more than 30 years.
- (2) "Average monthly compensation":
Average of creditable compensation paid in period of service counted; maximum of \$300 creditable for any month before July 1954, \$350 for any month July 1954-May 1959, and \$400 for any month after May 1959. For retirement after end of year in which age 65 is attained, amount computed as of end of such year is used if larger. Special method used for determining average earnings for services before 1937.
- (3) Monthly benefit amount:
3.35% of first \$50 of monthly compensation, plus 2.51% of next \$100, plus 1.67% of next \$250, all multiplied by years of service.
- (4) Minimum benefit amount:
(a) If having current connection at retirement, amount determined under item (3) shall not be less than the least of \$83.50, \$5.00 times years of service, or 110% of average monthly compensation.
(b) "OASDI minimum guarantee" (see item F (9)).

D. Basic amount of survivor benefits

- (1) "Average monthly remuneration":
Based on railroad compensation and OASDI credits from 1937 to first day of calendar year (a) employee attained age 65 and was completely insured, or (b) employee died, or (c) following year of employee's death, divided by elapsed period to applicable date (omitting periods during which a retirement annuity was payable to him)—whichever provides the highest average. Maximum combined earnings are \$3,600 a year through 1954 (compensation alone creditable to a maximum of \$3,900 in 1954); \$4,200 for 1955-1958; and \$4,800 thereafter.
- (2) "Basic amount":
49% of first \$75 of average monthly remuneration, plus 12% of remainder, all increased by 1% for each year after 1936 with \$200 or more of remuneration. Minimum basic amount is \$16.95. For individuals completely insured as under item B (3) (b), basic amount alternatively computed from average monthly compensation (item C (2)) or from average monthly earnings of pensioner but without 1% increase for years after 1936, and higher amount used.
- (3) Maximum family benefits:
\$193.60 or 2½ times the basic amount, whichever is less, but not less than \$36.30 or the OASDI minimum guarantee (see item F (9)); a dollar maximum of \$279.40 can thus be produced.
- (4) Minimum family benefits:
\$16.95; also OASDI minimum guarantee (see item F (9)).

E. Normal amounts of dependent and survivor benefits

- (1) Spouse:
50% of full retirement or disability annuity (disregarding any reduction made for retirement before age 65 or joint-and-survivor option election), with the maximum 110% of the maximum wife's benefit under OASDI.
- (2) Widow:
100% of basic amount. Not less than any spouse's annuity received immediately before widow's annuity becomes payable.
- (3) Child of deceased worker:
66⅔% of basic amount.
- (4) Dependent parent:
66⅔% of basic amount.

¹ Includes "compensation quarters of coverage" not creditable under the Social Security Act.

Principal provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act, 1961—Continued

- (5) Lump-sum death payment:
10 times basic amount.
- (6) Residual death payment:
Specified percentage of compensation, less total benefits paid on basis of such earnings.

F. Miscellaneous benefit provisions

- (1) Employment permitted retired workers and spouses:
None for any railroad or for last employer before retirement. No other restriction except where OASDI minimum guarantee applies (and then only with respect to the additional amount payable).
- (2) Employment permitted disability annuitants:
None for any railroad or for last employer. Earnings of \$1,200 a year in wages and self-employment permitted while under age 65; 1 month's benefit withheld for every \$100 of annual earnings in excess of \$1,200, but no deductions for months with earnings of \$100 or less. After age 65, same as F(1).
- (3) Employment permitted survivor beneficiaries:
None for any railroad. Otherwise to the same extent as for OASDI beneficiaries (full benefits if earnings from wages and self-employment are \$1,200 or less a year, but in any event for months with \$100 or less of wages and no substantial service in self-employment).
- (4) Effect of railroad work on benefits of OASDI beneficiaries:
Railroad earnings counted in determining if benefits are payable.
- (5) Duplication of benefits under railroad system:
Survivor beneficiary may also receive retirement annuity concurrently.
- (6) Duplication of retirement annuity with OASDI benefits:
Allowed with no reduction in benefit.
- (7) Duplication of spouse's annuity with OASDI benefits:
When individual is eligible only for OASDI wife's benefit, no reduction made in annuity; when eligible for other type or types of OASDI benefit, annuity reduced by any excess of all OASDI benefits over full amount of wife's benefit (if any).
- (8) Duplication of survivor benefits with OASDI benefits:
Allowed (except benefits not payable under both systems on basis of wage record of a deceased individual).

- (9) "OASDI minimum guarantee" provision:
Retirement or survivor benefits under railroad system, plus any OASDI benefits payable, will not be less than 110% of OASDI benefits on basis of combined credits under both systems.
- (10) Credit for military service:
Given at rate of \$160 a month for service during a war-service period if in railroad service in year of entry into military service or in preceding year. Special provisions for crediting military service rendered before 1937. Provisions against using same service under more than one Federal system.
- (11) Time within which benefits must be claimed:
Lump-sum death payment within 2 years. No limit for residual death payment. Monthly benefits retroactive for 12 months.
- (12) Work restrictions:
Same for survivor beneficiaries working outside the United States as for those working in the United States.

G. Financing

- (1) Tax rates:
Combined rates, shared equally by employer and employee, paid on maximum compensation of \$400 a month: 13½% (June 1959–December 1961); 14½% (1962–64); 1965 and thereafter rates will be increased by number of percentage points that OASDI rates exceed 5½%. Current schedule provides for a 16¼% rate in 1965, 17¼% in 1966 and 1967, and 18¼% in 1968 and thereafter.
- (2) Government contribution for military service:
Actuarially determined cost of additional benefits for military service rendered before 1937. Regular employer and employee taxes on other creditable military service based on imputed earnings of \$160 a month.
- (3) Interest rate on investments:
Minimum of 8% a year prescribed.
- (4) OASDI "financial interchange":
OASDI trust funds to be put in same position in which they would have been if railroad employment after 1936 had been covered under OASDI, by transfers in appropriate direction. Takes into account, among other matters, payment of benefits on basis of combined earnings credits.

Act had railroad service always been covered, and all others. An individual in the first category receives from both systems benefits that, combined, are at least equal to 110 percent of the benefit that would be payable under the Social Security Act on the basis of his combined employment records. The annuities shown for 10 years' service in the first category are the amounts that would be payable for the same average monthly wage under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program increased by 10 percent.¹ For individuals with 20 or more years of service the railroad retirement formula yields a higher retirement annuity than does the old-age, survivors, and disability in-

surance benefit formula for the same average monthly wage.

As shown in table 2, practically all monthly survivor annuities are paid in accordance with the provisions of the Social Security Act, with the benefits increased by 10 percent, even when benefits are based on as many as 40 years of service. In general, only survivors of employees with relatively low pay will receive survivor annuities based on the formula in the Railroad Retirement Act. It is assumed in this table that the average monthly wage to which the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance formula applies is the same as the average monthly remuneration shown.

¹ It is assumed that the employee is not simultaneously entitled to an old-age, survivors, and disability insurance benefit, since the guarantee seldom applies in such instances.

EFFECT ON PROGRAM COSTS

At the time the 1961 amendments to the Rail-

road Retirement Act were passed, the railroad retirement system showed an actuarial deficiency of 1.69 percent of payroll on a level-cost basis, according to the eighth actuarial valuation of the railroad retirement system. This deficiency has developed primarily because of the rapid decline in railroad payrolls. The level cost of the amendments is estimated at 0.04 percent of payroll—partly because men may now retire at earlier ages and receive sufficient additional earnings to qualify for separate old-age, survivors, and disability insurance benefits. The result is a loss to the railroad retirement system under the financial interchange provisions. It will be recalled that the railroad retirement employee annuity is payable even if the annuitant has substantial employment, so long as it is not for a railroad or for the current employer at the time the annuity is claimed.

1961 Amendments Affecting the Civil Service Retirement Act*

Public Law 87-350, approved October 4, 1961, contains several provisions of interest to civil-service employees and annuitants:

(1) A discontinued disability annuity may now be restored, if the disability recurs or if earning capacity is lost.

(2) Employees mandatorily retired for age and then immediately reemployed before July 12, 1960, are allowed special credit toward additional benefits or refunds for retirement contributions made after earning the maximum 80-percent annuity entitlement.

(3) Employees involuntarily separated with immediate annuities who are reemployed for 5 years or more may have their annuity benefits recomputed under the law in effect at the time of their final retirement.

(4) A new formula provides for interest on special public debt obligations issued to the retirement fund at a rate equal to the current

average market yield on all outstanding U.S. marketable obligations not due or callable until after 4 years from such issuance; the fund's entire special issue portfolio is to be converted to the new rates in 10 years, beginning in 1962.

(5) Prior service credit is provided for agricultural stabilization and conservation county committee employees (first covered under the civil-service retirement program on July 1, 1960) on the same basis as that used for all other employees.

(6) The special congressional employee retirement formula is to apply to any congressional service of an employee retired from a general civil-service position.

Two other laws enacted in 1961 affect the civil-service retirement program. Public Law 87-114 makes permanent the temporary cost-of-living increases provided earlier for employees retiring before October 1, 1956. Public Law 87-299 restores certain Federal retirement benefits that had been denied under earlier law to employees who had been convicted of comparatively minor offenses having no relation to national security.

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SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

CHILDREN'S BUREAU. *Research in Child Welfare*. (Bureau Publication No. 389-1961.) Washington: U.S. Govt. Print. Off., 1961. 50 pp. 25 cents.

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* Prepared in the Library, Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. Orders for items listed should be directed to publishers and booksellers. Federal publications for which prices are listed should be ordered from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

* Prepared by John P. Jones, Division of the Actuary.

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CANADIAN WELFARE COUNCIL. *First Priority: The Welfare of the People*. Ottawa, Ont.: The Council, 1961. 47 pp. \$1.

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HANSEN, ALVIN H. *Economic Issues of the 1960's*. New York: McGraw-Hill Book Co., 1960. 244 pp. \$7.50.

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KAPLAN, MAX. *Leisure in America: A Social Inquiry*. New York: John Wiley and Sons, 1960. 350 pp. \$7.50.

Patterns of leisure activity in today's society.

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MEADE, J. E., and others. *Economic and Social Structure of Mauritius: Report to the Governor of Mauritius*. London: Methuen and Co., Ltd., 1961. 246 pp. 15s.

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(Continued on page 26)

Table 1.—Selected social insurance and related programs, by specified period, 1940-61
[In thousands; data corrected to Oct. 19, 1961]

Table 1.—Selected social insurance and related programs, by specified period, 1940-61
[In thousands; data corrected to Oct. 19, 1961]

Source: Based on reports of administrative agencies.

TABLE 2.—Contributions and taxes collected under selected social insurance and related programs, by specified period, 1958-61
[In thousands]

Period	Retirement, disability, and survivor				Unemployment		
	Old-age and survivors insurance ¹	Disability insurance ²	Federal civil service ³	Railroad retirement ⁴	State unemployment insurance ⁵	Federal unemployment taxes ⁶	Railroad unemployment insurance ⁷
Fiscal year: ⁸							
1958-59.....	\$7,565,086	\$804,995	\$1,515,852	\$525,369	\$1,675,289	\$324,020	\$102,014
1959-60.....	9,842,685	987,079	1,509,695	606,931	2,164,757	341,108	152,998
1960-61 ⁹	11,292,676	1,021,993	1,745,833	570,730	2,361,279	345,306	182,704
2 months ended:							
August 1959.....	1,550,296	168,832	234,234	105,590	615,154	1,444	10,450
August 1960.....	1,942,559	176,902	301,533	100,441	702,216	1,481	11,212
August 1961 ⁹	2,089,123	186,135	314,681	98,425	745,833	1,576	10,976
1960							
August.....	1,596,615	146,950	139,442	83,320	481,062	807	10,501
September.....	678,887	61,473	156,582	52,464	11,488	607	28,223
October.....	348,088	31,165	144,032	15,037	144,580	541	800
November.....	1,270,214	116,266	139,565	80,571	293,950	692	9,785
December.....	510,927	36,747	114,062	48,288	14,633	847	28,655
1961							
January.....	287,326	21,670	159,785	12,842	83,875	32,045	748
February.....	1,385,968	123,931	120,024	77,142	196,811	298,106	5,422
March.....	1,175,534	112,888	169,832	47,953	17,059	14,702	31,663
April.....	664,441	62,464	121,305	14,285	246,944	1,943	1,328
May.....	1,961,004	172,435	145,341	77,262	613,259	2,293	4,173
June ⁹	1,067,739	106,354	173,773	44,445	36,463	1,099	30,605
July ⁹	283,727	24,569	122,328	14,261	246,803	710	688
August ⁹	1,605,895	163,566	192,353	84,163	499,030	865	10,288

¹ Represents contributions of employees, employers, and the self-employed in employments covered by old-age and survivors insurance; beginning January 1951, on an estimated basis, with suitable subsequent adjustments; beginning May 1951, includes deposits in the trust fund by States under voluntary coverage agreements; beginning December 1952, adjusted for employee tax refunds.

² Excludes all transfers between old-age, survivors, and disability insurance system and railroad retirement account under the financial interchange provisions of the Railroad Retirement Act.

³ Represents contributions of employees, employers, and the self-employed in employments covered by disability insurance, on an estimated basis with suitable subsequent adjustments; includes deposits in the trust fund by States under voluntary coverage agreements; adjusted for employee tax refunds.

⁴ Represents employee and employing agency (Government) contribution.

⁵ Represents deposits in State clearing accounts of contributions plus penalties and interest collected from employers and, in 3 States, contributions from employees; excludes contributions collected for deposit in State temporary disability insurance funds. Data reported by State agencies.

⁶ Represents taxes paid by employers under the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

⁷ Beginning 1947, also covers railroad temporary disability insurance.

⁸ Except for State unemployment insurance, as shown in the *Final Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the U.S. Government* unless otherwise stated.

⁹ Preliminary.

Source: *Monthly Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the U.S. Government* and other Treasury reports, unless otherwise noted.

PROGRAM OPERATIONS

(Continued from page 2)

in Hawaii (5.9 percent) and Wyoming (4.2 percent). Hawaii's decrease was attributable mainly to the transfer of aged recipients to the newly established program of medical assistance for the aged. In Wyoming the decline reflected the application of a lien law.

Assistance payments for all six programs, including vendor payments for medical care, rose \$6.1 million to \$342.7 million. Each program showed increases, with the largest—\$2.6 million—occurring in aid to dependent children. Payments under the unemployed-parent provisions of that

program went up \$1.5 million in August.

The average payment per recipient decreased nearly \$10 in medical assistance for the aged, rose an estimated 91 cents in general assistance, and increased slightly in the other four programs. Among the States, most of the noticeable changes in average payments under the special types of public assistance resulted from fluctuations in vendor payments for medical care of recipients. Largely because of the continuing effect of higher assistance standards, the average money payment per recipient rose 96 cents under the old-age assistance program in Alaska and \$1.04 under Michigan's program of aid to dependent children.

TABLE 3.—Status of the old-age and survivors insurance and disability insurance trust funds, by specified period, 1937-61

(In thousands)

Period	Receipts		Transfers under financial interchange with railroad retirement account ¹	Expenditures		Assets at end of period		
	Net contribution income and transfers ²	Net interest received ³		Benefit payments	Administrative expenses ⁴	Invested in U.S. Government securities ⁵	Cash balances	Total assets
Old-age and survivors insurance trust fund								
Cumulative, January 1937-August 1961 ⁶	\$86,674,371	\$6,613,957	-\$1,026,600	\$69,321,007	\$1,959,628	\$19,761,351	\$1,219,460	\$20,980,812
Fiscal year: ⁷								
1938-59.....	7,565,086	540,279	-121,300	9,049,146	206,094	20,474,430	1,066,994	21,541,424
1959-60.....	9,842,685	499,793	-583,100	10,289,709	202,369	19,748,848	1,079,877	20,828,725
1960-61 ⁸	11,292,678	521,569	-322,200	11,184,531	235,865	19,523,517	1,376,829	20,900,350
2 months ended:								
August 1959.....	1,550,266	9,674	-274,600	1,654,304	36,401	20,096,417	1,039,642	21,136,060
August 1960.....	1,942,559	16,341		1,795,723	38,402	19,748,038	1,205,463	20,953,501
August 1961.....	2,069,123	16,686		1,975,297	49,765	19,761,351	1,219,460	20,980,812
1960								
August.....	1,566,615	14,268		901,296	22,422	19,748,038	1,206,463	20,953,501
September.....	678,887	14,361		904,202	22,509	19,631,126	1,088,912	20,720,038
October.....	348,068	19,500		899,689	20,210	19,161,475	1,066,251	20,167,727
November.....	1,270,214	5,497		911,028	19,502	19,218,415	1,294,493	20,512,908
December.....	510,927	206,193		915,962	-10,433	19,128,245	1,196,255	20,324,499
1961								
January.....	287,326	2,395		920,606	26,807	18,688,575	978,442	19,667,017
February.....	1,385,958	16,353		940,878	22,254	18,554,964	1,521,232	20,106,195
March.....	1,175,534	14,240		961,402	25,546	19,242,881	1,066,141	20,309,021
April.....	664,441	19,986		977,369	22,923	18,919,797	1,073,330	19,993,127
May.....	1,961,004	10,524		971,725	22,538	19,757,397	1,212,965	20,970,362
June ⁹	1,067,739	196,180	-322,200	965,829	25,936	19,528,517	1,376,829	20,900,350
July ⁹	283,727	2,513		973,988	21,052	18,987,196	1,204,651	20,191,850
August ⁹	1,805,395	13,873		1,001,309	28,998	19,761,351	1,219,460	20,980,812
Disability insurance trust fund								
Cumulative, January 1957-August 1961 ⁶	\$4,355,813	\$159,857	\$21,100	\$1,894,636	\$103,608	\$2,436,161	\$102,365	\$2,538,526
Fiscal year: ⁷								
1958-59.....	894,995	33,293		339,231	21,410	1,606,874	89,747	1,696,621
1959-60.....	987,079	47,611	26,100	828,304	31,922	2,100,862	66,352	2,167,212
1960-61.....	1,021,993	60,462	-5,000	703,965	36,299	2,385,575	118,801	2,504,384
2 months ended:								
August 1959.....	168,832	1,629	21,400	83,838	560	1,698,111	75,872	1,773,983
August 1960.....	176,902	1,053		94,639	531	2,169,103	80,895	2,249,999
August 1961.....	188,135	1,254		154,667	560	2,436,161	102,365	2,538,526
1960								
August.....	146,950	948		47,868	266	2,169,103	80,895	2,249,999
September.....	61,473	352		40,390	266	2,194,914	67,254	2,262,168
October.....	31,165	617		50,310	254	2,179,583	63,894	2,243,387
November.....	116,266	1,112		48,415	254	2,200,435	111,661	2,312,095
December.....	36,747	25,240		51,614	33,430	2,179,930	108,908	2,288,839
1961								
January.....	21,670	201		61,367	251	2,164,131	84,960	2,249,091
February.....	123,931	1,185		62,605	251	2,178,678	132,673	2,311,351
March.....	112,588	209		68,154	251	2,269,929	85,813	2,355,743
April.....	62,464	481		70,610	271	2,264,608	83,200	2,347,807
May.....	172,435	820		73,011	271	2,337,419	110,360	2,447,780
June ⁹	106,362	29,193	-5,000	73,680	271	2,385,575	118,801	2,504,384
July.....	24,599	186		76,599	280	2,363,887	88,362	2,452,260
August.....	163,566	1,068		78,067	280	2,436,161	102,365	2,538,526

¹ January 1937-June 1940, equals appropriations transferred (estimated net proceeds of taxes after deduction of estimated administrative expenses); July 1940-December 1950, equals taxes collected; beginning January 1951, equals amounts appropriated (estimated tax collections with suitable subsequent adjustments). Beginning May 1951, includes deposits by States under voluntary coverage agreements. For 1947-51 includes amounts appropriated to meet costs of benefits payable to certain veterans' survivors. Beginning 1952 for the old-age and survivors insurance trust fund and January 1959 for the disability insurance trust fund, includes deductions for refund of estimated amount of employee tax overpayment.

² In addition to interest and profit on investment, includes annual interfund transfers of interest as follows: (1) Under the financial interchange, to the old-age and survivors insurance trust fund from the railroad retirement account, 1954-57; to the railroad retirement account from the old-age and survivors insurance trust fund, 1958 to date; to the disability insurance trust fund from the railroad retirement account, July 1959 and June 1960; and to the railroad retirement account from the disability insurance trust fund, June 1961. (2) On reimbursed administrative expenses, to the old-age and survivors insurance trust fund from the disability insurance trust fund, 1958 to date (see footnote 4).

³ The purpose of the financial interchange provision of the Railroad Retirement Act, as amended, is to place the trust funds in the same position in which they would have been, had railroad employment always been covered under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance system. Payments from the trust fund(s) to the railroad retirement account, beginning July 1958, are indicated by negative figures; payments to the trust fund(s) from

the account, beginning June 1959, by positive figures. Footnote 2 indicates the treatment of interest transfers.

⁴ Represents net expenditures for administration. Beginning November 1951, adjusted for reimbursements to trust fund of small amounts for sales of services. Beginning October 1953, includes expenses for central office building construction. Since the January 1957 inception of the disability insurance trust fund, most administrative expenses are paid initially from old-age and survivors insurance trust fund with subsequent reimbursement (plus interest, see footnote 2) from the disability insurance trust fund for the allocated cost of disability insurance operations. The Treasury Department, however, is regularly reimbursed from the appropriate trust fund for its expenses as incurred.

⁵ Book value: Includes net unamortized premium and discount, accrued interest purchased, and repayments on account of interest accrued on bonds at the time of purchase.

⁶ Includes transactions of predecessor fund, the old-age reserve account, January 1937-December 1939.

⁷ Preliminary.

⁸ Revised to correspond with Final Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the U.S. Government, unless otherwise stated.

⁹ Inconsistencies will appear between revised total assets for June 30, 1961, to date and unrevised June and subsequent transaction data until publication of the Final Statement.

Source: Monthly and Final Statement of Receipts and Expenditures of the U.S. Government and unpublished Treasury reports.

TABLE 4.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Monthly benefits in current-payment status at the end of selected months December 1948-August 1961, by type of benefit, and monthly benefits awarded, August 1961¹

[Amounts in thousands; data corrected to October 6, 1961]

Item	Total			Old-age	Disability ²	Wife's or husband's			Child's ⁴			Widow's or widower's	Mother's	Parent's
	Total	OASI ²	DI ³			Total	OASI ²	DI ³	Total	OASI ²	DI ³			
Number														
In current-payment status at end of—														
December:														
1948	2,314,557	2,314,557		1,047,985		320,928	320,928		581,265	581,265		210,253	142,223	11,903
1950	3,477,243	3,477,243		1,770,984		508,350	508,350		699,703	699,703		314,189	169,438	14,579
1952	5,025,549	5,025,549		2,643,932		737,859	737,859		938,751	938,751		454,563	228,984	21,460
1954	6,886,490	6,886,490		3,775,134		1,015,892	1,015,892		1,160,770	1,160,770		638,091	271,536	25,057
1956	9,128,121	9,128,121		5,112,430		1,433,507	1,433,507		1,340,995	1,340,995		913,069	301,240	26,890
1958 ⁴	12,430,234	12,162,177	268,057	6,920,677	237,719	2,031,091	2,018,860	12,231	1,624,135	1,606,028	18,107	1,232,583	353,964	30,065
1960														
August	14,464,302	13,919,009	545,293	7,921,218	385,828	2,305,010	2,245,319	59,691	1,923,378	1,823,404	99,974	1,497,786	396,553	35,729
September	14,625,713	13,970,645	555,068	7,951,700	390,884	2,314,197	2,253,110	61,067	1,931,730	1,828,633	103,097	1,508,357	392,969	35,876
October	14,576,805	14,010,762	566,043	7,982,182	398,065	2,320,478	2,258,161	62,317	1,930,584	1,824,923	105,661	1,517,863	391,633	35,970
November	14,730,467	14,090,299	640,168	8,025,477	433,555	2,336,351	2,265,268	71,083	1,974,723	1,839,193	135,530	1,530,558	393,734	36,090
December	14,844,589	14,157,138	687,451	8,061,460	465,371	2,345,983	2,269,384	76,599	2,000,451	1,844,970	155,481	1,543,843	401,358	36,114
1961														
January	14,939,751	14,213,585	726,166	8,096,682	475,322	2,353,523	2,272,941	80,578	2,017,162	1,846,866	170,296	1,553,909	406,084	36,123
February	15,076,831	14,326,403	750,428	8,167,417	486,903	2,370,481	2,287,033	83,448	2,040,759	1,890,682	180,077	1,567,546	407,601	36,124
March	15,203,094	14,412,243	790,851	8,224,863	506,583	2,385,295	2,296,960	86,315	2,062,062	1,866,994	195,068	1,578,067	409,207	36,132
April	15,333,088	14,529,699	803,389	8,298,388	522,043	2,404,213	2,312,065	92,148	2,088,048	1,878,850	209,198	1,592,406	411,785	36,205
May	15,485,176	14,627,920	857,256	8,357,013	537,122	2,418,367	2,321,433	96,934	2,114,367	1,891,167	223,200	1,607,127	414,904	36,276
June	15,624,182	14,726,498	897,684	8,414,028	558,066	2,432,478	2,329,909	102,569	2,141,341	1,904,294	237,049	1,621,945	419,918	36,404
July	15,756,453	14,838,646	917,807	8,479,171	566,440	2,448,800	2,343,698	105,102	2,164,779	1,918,514	246,265	1,634,877	425,893	36,493
August	15,913,467	14,972,288	941,179	8,596,516	577,181	2,443,852	2,336,493	107,359	2,184,085	1,927,446	256,639	1,648,980	426,420	36,433
Awarded, August 1961	315,715	270,545	45,170	161,546	22,549	46,280	39,744	6,539	54,148	38,063	16,085	22,710	8,123	359
Monthly amount														
In current-payment status at end of—														
December:														
1948	\$45,872.5	\$45,872.5		\$26,564.2		\$4,307.3	\$4,307.3		\$7,540.0	\$7,540.0		\$4,331.0	\$2,958.6	\$162.2
1950	126,856.5	126,856.5		77,678.3		11,994.9	11,994.9		19,366.3	19,366.3		11,481.3	5,800.8	\$34.9
1952	205,179.0	205,179.0		130,217.4		19,178.4	19,178.4		28,141.3	28,141.3		18,482.2	8,272.7	887.0
1954	339,342.0	339,342.0		223,271.8		32,270.6	32,270.6		40,996.4	40,996.4		29,525.7	12,988.9	1,188.6
1956	482,592.9	482,592.9		322,536.8		48,325.6	48,325.6		50,323.7	50,323.7		45,779.7	14,262.2	1,364.8
1958 ⁴	697,628.6	677,103.7	\$20,424.9	\$59,201.1	\$19,515.7	71,230.1	70,814.8	\$415.2	64,130.2	63,636.3	\$494.0	63,976.6	17,866.5	1,688.3
1960														
August	906,194.5	866,476.7	39,717.8	585,475.5	34,483.8	88,883.7	86,741.8	2,142.0	85,994.4	82,902.4	3,092.0	85,998.7	23,219.2	2,139.1
September	910,963.2	870,614.1	40,349.1	588,252.2	34,971.0	89,294.2	87,106.3	2,187.8	86,525.9	83,335.6	3,190.3	86,719.1	23,049.0	2,151.8
October	915,056.5	873,929.7	41,126.8	590,814.1	35,026.1	89,584.5	87,356.3	2,228.1	86,510.8	83,238.4	3,272.5	87,359.9	23,000.2	2,160.9
November	924,844.3	879,453.8	45,390.5	594,075.9	38,769.8	90,152.1	87,669.5	2,482.6	88,320.0	84,182.0	4,138.1	88,188.7	23,166.0	2,171.8
December	936,320.6	888,320.5	48,000.2	599,849.1	40,667.5	90,502.6	87,867.0	2,635.6	88,275.3	85,578.2	4,697.1	89,053.6	23,794.7	2,177.9
1961														
January	943,254.1	892,932.3	50,321.7	600,273.7	42,442.5	90,861.4	88,105.2	2,756.2	88,952.9	85,829.7	5,123.1	89,712.5	23,829.7	2,181.5
February	953,491.9	901,777.7	51,714.2	606,594.2	43,474.5	91,635.1	88,794.4	2,840.7	89,008.1	86,609.0	5,399.1	90,621.3	23,974.4	2,184.3
March	962,808.8	908,724.0	54,074.7	611,741.4	45,245.5	92,278.3	89,287.9	2,990.4	90,931.2	88,082.4	5,848.8	91,328.2	24,097.7	2,186.5
April	973,352.5	917,388.7	55,963.7	617,905.1	46,035.6	93,055.5	89,948.1	3,107.4	90,993.5	88,772.7	6,220.8	92,289.0	24,278.6	2,195.3
May	982,288.8	924,419.8	57,869.0	622,649.8	48,001.8	93,618.9	90,363.9	3,255.0	91,453.0	89,065.2	6,612.2	93,273.9	24,476.2	2,203.0
June	992,031.5	931,704.7	60,326.9	627,399.9	49,895.3	94,195.1	90,758.6	3,436.5	92,232.5	89,995.0	6,995.0	94,269.8	24,623.2	2,213.3
July	1,001,785.0	940,373.4	61,411.7	633,255.2	50,646.7	94,899.9	91,386.1	3,513.8	93,007.1	90,056.0	7,251.2	95,205.6	25,246.6	2,223.9
August	1,034,614.3	971,827.1	62,787.3	651,317.4	51,652.0	95,959.2	92,358.4	3,600.5	101,333.4	93,798.9	7,534.5	106,523.4	25,399.0	2,430.0
Awarded, August 1961	19,954.4	17,214.6	2,739.8	12,104.1	2,070.8	1,697.3	1,480.7	216.6	1,984.8	1,632.5	452.3	1,578.1	492.2	27.0

¹ For an explanation of the treatment of dual entitlements, see the *Bulletin* for April 1957, p. 29, table 4, footnote 1.

² Benefits under the old-age and survivors insurance (OASI) parts of the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program are payable from the old-age and survivors insurance trust fund to old-age insurance (retired-worker) beneficiaries and their dependents and to survivors of deceased workers. Benefits under the disability insurance (DI) part of the program are payable from the disability insurance trust fund to disability insurance (disabled-worker) beneficiaries and their dependents.

³ Monthly benefits to disabled workers under age 65. For months before November 1960, disability benefits were limited to disabled workers aged

50-64.

⁴ Includes benefits payable to disabled persons aged 18 or over—dependent children of disabled, deceased, or retired workers—whose disability began before age 18.

⁵ To effect the benefit increases provided by the 1958 amendments, certain operations affecting statistical data on monthly benefits and lump sums awarded and monthly benefits in current-payment status were suspended for December 1958; figures on benefits in current-payment status at the end of December 1958 are therefore not available, but corresponding data as of the end of November 1958 are shown in their place.

TABLE 5.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Number and monthly amount (dollars) of benefits¹ in current-payment status as of June 30, 1961, by type of benefit and by State

Beneficiary's State of residence, ² number, and monthly amount	Total			Old-age	Disability ⁴	Wife's or husband's			Child's ⁵			Widow's or widower's	Mother's	Parent's
	Total	OASI ³	DI ³			Total	OASI ³	DI ³	Total	OASI ³	DI ³			
Total:														
Number..	15,624,182	14,726,498	897,684	8,414,028	558,066	2,432,478	2,329,909	102,569	2,141,343	1,904,294	237,049	1,621,945	419,918	36,404
Amount..	992,031,530	931,704,658	60,326,872	627,399,885	40,895,307	94,195,136	90,758,593	3,436,543	99,232,823	92,237,801	6,995,022	94,269,799	24,823,248	2,215,332
Ala.:														
Number..	253,307	229,008	24,301	108,214	13,201	40,109	38,850	3,259	57,509	49,668	7,841	22,183	10,958	1,133
Amount..	12,996,120	11,601,609	1,394,511	6,859,972	1,102,861	1,220,468	1,123,252	97,216	2,090,476	1,896,042	194,434	1,111,818	549,109	61,616
Alaska:														
Number..	6,372	6,094	278	3,067	144	348	323	25	2,257	2,148	109	243	302	11
Amount..	373,690	356,543	17,147	224,081	13,784	11,705	11,001	704	95,621	92,962	2,659	13,830	13,907	762
A. Samoa:														
Number..	45	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	38	0	0	7	0
Amount..	1,071	1,071	0	0	0	0	0	0	849	849	0	0	222	0
Ariz.:														
Number..	91,312	83,932	7,380	44,982	4,576	12,744	11,918	826	18,556	16,578	1,978	7,085	3,144	225
Amount..	5,823,607	5,298,258	525,349	3,436,055	431,359	504,018	474,257	29,761	850,778	786,549	64,229	411,208	177,152	13,037
Ark.:														
Number..	170,643	159,411	11,232	85,563	6,285	32,191	30,583	1,608	28,177	24,838	3,339	12,851	4,987	589
Amount..	8,537,288	7,895,533	641,755	5,178,627	511,555	936,328	889,099	47,229	1,002,357	919,386	82,971	624,933	251,161	32,422
Calif.:														
Number..	1,218,798	1,158,026	60,772	706,321	42,248	166,837	161,176	5,661	152,416	139,553	12,863	122,484	26,644	1,848
Amount..	81,298,540	76,642,772	4,655,778	53,428,850	3,983,052	6,787,714	6,575,990	211,754	8,118,586	7,657,624	460,962	7,209,809	1,655,102	115,427
Colo.:														
Number..	130,347	124,058	6,289	71,350	3,857	20,767	20,092	675	19,012	17,255	1,757	11,947	3,257	157
Amount..	8,139,662	7,716,982	422,680	5,210,416	347,503	794,406	771,630	22,776	908,544	854,143	52,401	678,710	193,120	9,963
Conn.:														
Number..	232,757	222,698	10,059	135,735	7,211	33,325	32,429	896	21,950	19,998	1,952	29,081	4,992	463
Amount..	16,857,663	16,081,996	775,667	11,291,630	671,183	1,489,138	1,455,575	33,563	1,229,342	1,158,421	70,921	1,810,390	335,281	30,699
Del.:														
Number..	34,533	32,583	1,950	19,162	1,324	4,716	4,513	203	4,527	4,104	423	3,823	906	75
Amount..	2,280,556	2,139,131	141,425	1,441,860	119,513	195,518	187,912	7,606	232,275	217,773	14,502	229,216	57,585	4,785
D. C.:														
Number..	52,093	49,980	3,113	29,683	2,312	5,036	4,853	183	7,803	7,185	618	5,512	1,627	120
Amount..	3,191,453	2,976,966	214,487	2,075,978	191,849	197,274	191,941	5,333	327,489	310,184	17,305	310,565	81,310	6,988
Fla.:														
Number..	513,021	482,726	30,295	290,991	19,303	85,290	81,616	3,674	62,973	55,655	7,318	41,936	11,720	806
Amount..	33,394,924	31,317,950	2,076,974	22,254,979	1,737,973	3,412,533	3,285,563	126,970	2,834,294	2,622,263	212,031	2,433,853	673,966	47,326
Ga.:														
Number..	270,653	243,216	26,437	120,835	15,345	36,535	33,363	3,172	61,873	53,553	8,320	22,976	11,400	1,099
Amount..	13,938,638	12,435,599	1,503,039	7,554,719	1,224,246	1,129,571	1,045,285	84,296	2,262,080	2,067,573	194,507	1,622,934	545,777	59,661
Guam:														
Number..	131	130	1	21	1	2	2	0	88	88	0	1	19	6
Amount..	5,238	5,194	44	1,430	44	68	65	0	2,994	2,994	0	49	663	0
Hawaii:														
Number..	32,316	30,216	2,100	16,508	1,293	4,085	3,878	207	6,720	6,120	600	2,442	1,175	93
Amount..	1,902,195	1,763,813	138,382	1,163,728	113,496	144,600	137,802	6,798	284,310	266,222	18,088	127,219	63,055	5,787
Idaho:														
Number..	56,699	54,191	2,508	31,469	1,422	9,938	9,630	308	8,279	7,501	778	4,303	1,202	86
Amount..	3,493,015	3,328,267	164,748	2,269,022	129,263	376,684	365,841	10,843	402,061	377,419	24,642	237,639	73,041	5,305
Ill.:														
Number..	882,216	839,633	42,583	495,983	29,722	133,294	129,531	3,763	99,821	90,723	9,098	101,462	20,014	1,920
Amount..	60,538,907	57,356,741	3,182,166	39,314,951	2,740,156	5,629,886	5,493,568	136,318	5,286,274	4,980,582	305,692	6,162,985	1,279,813	124,842
Ind.:														
Number..	435,619	413,781	21,838	239,810	13,328	71,889	69,449	2,440	54,283	48,213	6,070	45,490	9,960	859
Amount..	28,418,006	26,886,990	1,531,016	18,154,758	1,245,577	2,902,469	2,815,043	87,426	2,756,263	2,558,250	198,013	2,666,746	637,086	55,107
Iowa:														
Number..	279,780	270,080	9,700	162,102	6,102	53,926	52,759	1,167	26,913	24,482	2,431	25,297	5,113	327
Amount..	17,500,562	16,850,210	650,352	11,759,620	535,313	2,092,350	2,052,992	39,358	1,300,758	1,225,077	75,681	1,442,857	309,555	20,109
Kans.:														
Number..	203,124	194,404	8,720	114,840	5,274	38,319	37,307	1,012	22,264	19,830	2,434	18,261	3,914	252
Amount..	12,338,074	11,755,327	582,747	8,091,992	470,627	1,424,013	1,388,900	35,113	1,083,613	1,006,606	77,007	1,011,152	241,853	14,824
Ky.:														
Number..	291,442	263,975	27,467	137,164	12,548	51,660	47,574	4,086	56,040	45,207	10,833	23,801	9,258	971
Amount..	15,564,529	14,106,823	1,457,706	8,980,393	1,085,490	1,642,408	1,522,237	120,171	2,054,678	1,802,633	252,045	1,253,516	491,759	56,285
La.:														
Number..	201,899	182,598	19,301	85,738	10,351	29,194	26,563	2,631	46,461	40,142	6,319	20,198	9,285	672
Amount..	10,894,174	9,802,381	1,091,793	5,775,771	862,298	951,206	874,004	77,202	1,818,764	1,666,469	152,295	1,057,268	492,432	36,437
Maine:														
Number..	104,606	99,254	5,442	60,096	3,220	15,011	14,369	642	12,913	11,333	1,580	10,772	2,491	193
Amount..	6,324,556	5,988,442	336,114	4,165,494	273,162	581,504	541,766	19,738	575,508	532,294	43,214	594,516	143,231	11,141
Md.:														
Number..	205,056	193,406	11,650	107,940	7,978	26,704	25,586	1,118	30,374	27,820	2,554	24,892	6,640	528
Amount..	13,058,224	12,232,944	825,280	7,883,302	704,793	1,073,768	1,034,384	39,384	1,504,205	1,423,102	81,103	1,457,551	401,731	32,874
Mass.:														
Number..	519,449	495,104	24,345	303,523	16,836	70,082	67,693	2,389	51,523	46,403	5,120	64,386	12,167	932
Amount..	35,535,708	33,783,081	1,752,627	23,629,803	1,490,765	3,007,912	2,920,240	87,672	2,702,206	2,528,018	174,190	3,574,102	772,099	58,819
Mich.:														
Number..	662,933	628,670	34,263	350,324	22,677	108,893	104,797	4,096	87,266	77,656	9,610	75,624	17,117	1,152
Amount..	46,399,022	43,715,737	2,683,285	28,949,187	2,205,914	4,677,150	4,523,562	153,588	4,671,132	4,345,349	325,793	4,684,506	1,135,716	77,417
Minn.:														
Number..	309,451	298,771	10,680	178,727	6,684	54,765	53,560	1,205	34,332	31,541	2,791	27,845	6,707	391
Amount..	19,473,694	18,749,832	723,862	13,053,959	595,704	2,106,420	2,065,864	40,556	1,608,190	1,570,588	87,602	1,622,283	413,266	23,872
Miss.:														
Number..	171,227	158,048	13,179	80,216	7,084	29,045	27,292	1,793	36,103	31,901	4,202	11,593	6,294	862
Amount..	7,783,205	7,093,797	689,408	4,478,986	550,262	760,204	713,622	46,682	1,116,324	1,024,060	92,464	544,945	284,460	47,824

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 5.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Number and monthly amount (dollars) of benefits¹ in current-payment status as of June 30, 1961, by type of benefit and by State—Continued

Beneficiary's State of residence, ² number, and monthly amount	Total			Old-age	Disability ³	Wife's or husband's			Child's ⁴			Widow's or widower's	Mother's	Parent's
	Total	OASI ⁵	DI ⁶			Total	OASI ⁵	DI ⁶	Total	OASI ⁵	DI ⁶			
Mo.: Number..	423,886	401,334	22,552	237,981	14,330	71,757	69,295	2,462	48,415	42,655	5,760	41,862	8,759	782
Amount..	26,145,845	24,650,564	1,495,281	17,088,490	1,252,152	2,667,941	2,589,483	78,458	2,183,469	2,018,801	164,668	2,395,666	510,063	48,064
Mont.: Number..	61,026	58,331	2,695	34,003	1,629	9,851	9,554	297	9,034	8,265	769	4,961	1,442	106
Amount..	3,923,692	3,738,785	184,907	2,562,716	150,233	393,052	382,536	10,516	434,424	410,296	24,158	289,512	87,230	6,825
Nebr.: Number..	138,037	133,695	4,342	81,017	2,856	26,819	26,359	460	13,280	12,254	1,026	11,427	2,454	184
Amount..	8,365,572	8,077,772	287,800	5,713,672	243,381	994,532	979,904	14,628	623,354	593,563	29,791	636,994	143,160	11,079
Nev.: Number..	17,118	16,199	919	9,739	644	1,723	1,640	83	3,255	3,063	192	1,290	438	29
Amount..	1,145,474	1,074,041	71,433	732,619	60,758	67,777	64,502	3,275	180,167	172,767	7,400	75,814	26,598	1,741
N.H.: Number..	64,827	62,137	2,690	39,299	1,806	8,688	8,406	282	6,792	6,192	600	6,779	1,377	84
Amount..	4,201,287	4,012,721	188,566	2,875,942	159,590	347,051	337,557	9,494	341,149	321,667	19,482	387,892	84,629	5,084
N.J.: Number..	546,113	520,143	25,970	306,197	18,365	78,754	76,326	2,428	56,554	51,377	5,177	71,283	13,668	1,292
Amount..	38,758,128	36,774,490	1,983,629	24,971,309	1,708,800	3,487,567	3,396,127	91,440	3,166,410	2,983,021	183,389	4,425,256	912,008	86,780
N.Mex.: Number..	50,635	47,171	3,464	22,032	1,715	7,457	6,978	479	13,574	12,304	1,270	3,344	2,324	189
Amount..	2,717,726	2,521,278	196,448	1,492,509	149,783	245,270	231,042	14,228	525,101	492,664	32,437	177,967	116,598	10,498
N.Y.: Number..	1,578,952	1,602,029	76,928	917,880	55,218	220,378	212,332	7,046	156,982	142,323	14,659	187,218	37,478	5,798
Amount..	109,823,049	104,065,213	5,757,836	72,923,516	4,967,389	9,490,288	9,228,646	261,642	8,381,406	7,872,601	503,805	11,368,876	2,418,310	253,264
N.C.: Number..	343,073	313,728	29,345	158,410	17,134	52,027	48,415	3,612	72,862	64,263	8,599	27,031	14,483	1,126
Amount..	17,625,907	15,970,790	1,655,117	9,938,108	1,358,066	1,571,965	1,477,073	94,892	2,636,271	2,434,112	202,159	1,358,750	700,832	61,915
N.Dak.: Number..	53,261	51,553	1,708	29,992	911	10,446	10,211	235	7,085	6,523	562	3,477	1,278	72
Amount..	3,180,912	3,084,008	96,904	2,150,118	75,892	390,487	383,603	6,824	292,936	278,748	14,188	196,554	70,733	4,192
Ohio: Number..	634,178	788,074	46,104	443,242	28,855	135,273	130,132	5,141	104,561	92,453	12,108	99,585	21,036	1,626
Amount..	56,375,863	53,079,462	3,296,401	35,015,829	2,714,807	5,703,654	5,514,679	188,975	5,421,267	5,028,648	392,619	6,050,417	1,364,136	105,753
Okl.: Number..	194,999	183,567	11,432	101,068	6,831	35,120	33,673	1,447	28,996	25,742	3,154	17,477	5,182	425
Amount..	11,245,269	10,499,829	745,440	6,891,759	602,091	1,209,976	1,161,171	48,805	1,282,752	1,188,208	94,544	939,197	295,006	24,488
Oreg.: Number..	179,650	171,261	8,389	106,916	5,304	27,059	26,148	911	20,746	18,572	2,174	16,187	3,192	246
Amount..	11,848,728	11,243,584	605,144	6,035,475	495,946	1,069,834	1,036,522	33,312	1,091,646	1,015,760	75,886	935,086	204,683	16,058
Pa.: Number..	1,085,177	1,020,990	64,187	569,992	42,086	171,395	163,864	7,531	126,243	111,673	14,570	142,637	30,296	2,938
Amount..	73,503,614	68,824,906	4,678,708	45,113,667	3,895,711	7,231,817	6,945,240	286,577	6,574,780	6,078,360	496,420	8,527,315	1,974,919	185,405
P.R.: Number..	113,216	108,457	4,759	49,754	1,768	20,265	19,545	720	34,112	31,841	2,271	2,971	3,890	456
Amount..	3,731,435	3,582,039	149,396	2,316,605	111,132	384,578	373,711	10,867	634,247	606,850	27,397	128,583	134,455	21,835
R.I.: Number..	89,248	84,638	4,610	52,671	3,273	12,025	11,560	465	8,199	7,327	872	10,964	1,959	157
Amount..	6,021,110	5,690,870	330,240	4,029,278	284,668	500,320	484,349	15,971	423,039	394,038	29,601	648,226	124,780	10,199
S.C.: Number..	163,783	147,288	16,495	68,953	9,454	21,090	19,140	1,950	42,006	36,915	5,091	13,108	8,496	676
Amount..	8,230,059	7,309,030	921,029	4,306,124	752,411	633,960	583,957	50,003	1,464,597	1,345,982	118,615	652,260	383,724	26,983
S.Dak.: Number..	63,543	61,450	2,093	35,955	1,248	12,549	12,271	278	7,491	6,924	567	4,833	1,380	87
Amount..	3,770,227	3,642,082	128,145	2,531,062	403,701	463,198	454,478	8,720	322,132	303,408	15,724	268,749	76,184	5,201
Tenn.: Number..	288,095	265,058	23,037	139,402	12,304	48,100	44,905	3,195	53,098	45,560	7,538	23,969	10,131	1,091
Amount..	14,803,491	13,498,545	1,304,946	8,558,143	1,024,850	1,438,608	1,345,595	93,013	1,989,017	1,801,934	187,083	1,207,951	823,406	61,516
Tex.: Number..	644,170	602,902	41,268	314,316	24,091	106,756	101,562	5,194	117,142	105,159	11,983	88,323	21,769	1,773
Amount..	36,161,504	33,592,610	2,568,894	21,051,304	2,081,215	3,600,011	3,436,574	163,437	5,026,285	4,702,043	324,242	3,113,154	1,188,814	100,721
Utah: Number..	57,977	55,604	2,373	29,644	1,375	9,672	9,378	294	10,074	9,370	704	5,384	1,740	88
Amount..	3,708,086	3,544,940	163,146	2,247,018	128,251	388,370	377,432	10,938	516,266	492,309	23,957	313,528	109,175	5,477
Vt.: Number..	40,865	38,495	2,370	22,935	1,388	6,347	6,065	282	4,875	4,175	700	4,272	961	87
Amount..	2,487,849	2,359,466	148,383	1,609,917	120,063	236,322	227,398	8,924	221,410	202,014	19,398	237,819	57,164	5,214
V.I.: Number..	1,253	1,237	16	614	14	143	142	1	375	374	1	56	46	5
Amount..	54,755	53,665	1,090	34,816	1,060	3,774	3,759	15	10,328	10,313	15	2,716	1,817	244
Va.: Number..	288,608	263,976	24,632	137,453	13,806	42,654	39,530	3,124	55,576	47,874	7,702	27,396	10,580	1,143
Amount..	15,912,750	14,457,941	1,454,818	9,024,754	1,166,100	1,405,216	1,311,655	93,561	2,223,182	2,028,025	195,157	1,461,696	567,249	64,562
Wash.: Number..	257,123	245,228	11,895	149,535	7,766	39,039	37,772	1,267	30,176	27,314	2,862	25,453	4,865	289
Amount..	17,143,812	16,270,422	873,390	11,442,020	725,770	1,575,750	1,528,942	46,808	1,600,144	1,499,332	100,812	1,476,560	365,970	17,598
W.Va.: Number..	198,496	173,329	25,167	82,820	10,987	34,519	30,467	4,052	42,664	32,536	10,128	18,987	7,700	819
Amount..	11,531,087	10,077,536	1,454,151	5,976,695	1,038,411	1,225,366	1,084,469	140,897	1,746,786	1,471,943	274,843	1,038,423	459,098	46,908
Wis.: Number..	388,360	372,036	16,324	219,689	10,187	67,903	66,034	1,869	42,331	38,063	4,268	39,509	8,177	564
Amount..	25,363,053	24,224,056	1,139,447	16,672,942	938,412	2,699,287	2,633,537	65,430	2,134,053	1,998,448	135,605	2,359,821	524,047	34,961
Wyo.: Number..	24,044	22,664	1,180	13,457	722	3,658	3,534	124	3,765	3,431	334	1,870	639	33
Amount..	1,518,403	1,439,888	78,515	984,606	64,624	138,997	134,916	4,081	189,111	179,301	9,810	107,010	32,149	1,906
Foreign: Number..	105,130	102,688	2,442	59,098	1,741	16,296	15,965	331	10,709	10,339	370	13,804	2,999	483
Amount..	6,669,463	6,480,127	189,336	4,539,319	164,496	600,873	588,111	12,762	428,321	416,243	12,078	754,652	152,920	28,883

See footnotes on facing page.

TABLE 6.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Amount of benefit payments in fiscal year 1960-61, by State
[In thousands]

Beneficiary's State of residence ¹	Total	OASI ²					Lump-sum death payments ⁴	DI ³		
		Total	Monthly benefits ³			Total		Disability	Supple- mentary	
			Old-age	Supple- mentary	Survivor					
Total.....	\$11,888,527	\$11,184,531	\$7,371,205	\$1,185,639	\$2,460,695	\$166,993	\$703,995	\$589,497	\$114,496	
Alabama.....	154,608	138,677	80,199	15,313	40,975	2,190	15,931	12,719	3,212	
Alaska.....	4,543	4,325	2,057	201	1,360	107	213	176	42	
American Samoa.....	11	11	0	0	11	(⁵)	0	0	0	
Arizona.....	68,758	62,457	39,671	6,239	15,686	861	6,301	5,229	1,072	
Arkansas.....	101,805	94,204	60,618	11,966	20,289	1,331	7,601	6,125	1,476	
California.....	968,400	914,936	624,704	94,346	192,253	13,633	53,464	46,388	7,076	
Colorado.....	97,047	92,398	61,173	10,058	19,797	1,370	4,649	3,882	767	
Connecticut.....	203,529	194,224	132,964	18,897	39,556	2,807	9,305	8,149	1,156	
Delaware.....	27,276	25,638	16,950	2,456	6,845	287	1,638	1,399	239	
District of Columbia.....	38,441	36,056	24,523	2,549	8,225	759	2,385	2,171	214	
Florida.....	397,142	372,827	260,477	42,303	65,345	4,402	24,615	20,878	3,737	
Georgia.....	165,636	148,475	87,854	14,044	44,067	2,510	17,161	14,194	2,967	
Hawaii.....	22,542	21,020	13,616	2,062	5,060	282	(⁵)	(⁵)	0	
Idaho.....	41,641	39,776	26,640	4,846	7,782	508	1,522	1,487	274	
Illinois.....	728,589	691,622	463,523	70,721	147,089	10,289	36,967	32,196	4,771	
Indiana.....	341,968	324,327	214,641	36,838	68,261	4,587	17,641	14,553	3,088	
Iowa.....	208,518	200,933	138,388	26,090	33,864	2,591	7,585	6,347	1,238	
Kansas.....	147,066	140,406	94,800	17,737	25,738	2,076	6,660	5,460	1,200	
Kentucky.....	186,390	169,585	105,825	20,773	40,473	2,514	16,805	12,672	4,233	
Louisiana.....	129,083	116,616	65,792	11,637	37,085	2,102	12,467	9,990	2,477	
Maine.....	76,764	72,716	49,522	7,240	14,911	1,043	4,048	3,332	717	
Maryland.....	157,029	147,361	92,710	13,497	38,634	2,520	9,663	8,333	1,335	
Massachusetts.....	431,567	410,271	280,473	38,150	85,282	6,366	21,296	18,273	3,023	
Michigan.....	554,673	523,879	339,464	58,718	118,527	7,170	30,794	25,702	5,092	
Minnesota.....	231,915	223,576	152,980	26,812	41,167	2,617	8,339	6,937	1,402	
Mississippi.....	92,231	84,460	52,427	9,804	20,964	1,265	7,771	6,267	1,504	
Missouri.....	312,931	295,682	201,130	33,327	57,033	4,192	17,249	14,642	2,607	
Montana.....	47,083	44,947	30,267	5,147	8,576	657	2,138	1,769	369	
Nebraska.....	99,783	96,409	67,024	12,423	15,882	1,280	3,374	2,894	480	
Nevada.....	13,633	12,804	8,534	905	3,091	274	829	707	122	
New Hampshire.....	80,764	48,487	34,022	4,426	9,271	768	2,277	1,955	322	
New Jersey.....	468,016	444,441	294,831	43,691	98,961	6,959	23,675	20,596	2,979	
New Mexico.....	31,964	29,740	17,185	3,204	8,894	457	2,224	1,720	504	
New York.....	1,319,116	1,251,039	856,197	118,636	256,282	19,925	68,076	59,636	8,440	
North Carolina.....	210,334	190,822	115,856	20,265	51,378	3,223	19,512	16,206	3,306	
North Dakota.....	37,653	36,622	25,167	5,145	5,898	417	1,031	822	209	
Ohio.....	678,834	640,205	413,583	71,455	145,650	9,517	38,629	32,247	6,382	
Oklahoma.....	133,402	124,733	80,153	15,116	27,652	1,812	8,660	7,095	1,574	
Oregon.....	141,961	135,052	94,655	13,617	24,923	1,857	6,900	5,754	1,155	
Pennsylvania.....	892,148	835,698	535,125	90,705	197,009	12,859	56,450	47,390	9,060	
Puerto Rico.....	42,857	41,319	26,377	6,464	8,025	453	1,538	1,151	387	
Rhode Island.....	73,183	69,141	47,839	6,295	13,973	1,094	4,042	3,528	514	
South Carolina.....	98,113	87,586	50,202	8,159	27,593	1,632	10,527	8,728	1,799	
South Dakota.....	44,650	43,222	29,557	5,915	7,176	574	1,428	1,165	263	
Tennessee.....	176,144	161,080	99,770	18,076	40,704	2,530	15,064	11,969	3,095	
Texas.....	425,803	398,745	242,961	44,633	102,612	6,539	29,058	23,875	5,183	
Utah.....	44,540	42,692	26,414	5,058	10,574	646	1,857	1,466	391	
Vermont.....	29,893	28,190	18,973	2,984	5,819	414	1,703	1,394	309	
Virgin Islands.....	604	591	372	57	157	5	13	13	(⁵)	
Virginia.....	191,326	174,234	105,965	17,742	47,354	3,173	17,062	13,785	3,307	
Washington.....	206,792	196,563	135,520	20,039	38,137	2,867	10,229	8,651	1,578	
West Virginia.....	139,178	122,126	70,787	15,364	34,279	1,698	17,052	12,234	4,818	
Wisconsin.....	303,413	289,942	195,440	33,976	66,666	3,860	13,471	11,257	2,214	
Wyoming.....	18,002	17,130	11,451	1,797	3,587	295	872	724	148	
Foreign.....	70,162	76,751	53,242	7,719	15,100	690	2,411	2,117	294	

¹ Based on benefit check address.

² Benefits under the old-age and survivors insurance (OASI) parts of the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program are payable from the OASI trust fund to old-age (retired-worker) beneficiaries and their dependents and to survivors of deceased workers. Benefits under the disability insurance (DI) part of the program are payable from the DI trust fund to disability (disabled-worker) beneficiaries and their dependents.

³ Distribution by type of benefit and by State estimated. Supplementary benefits are paid to wives aged 62 or over, wives under age 62 with child

beneficiaries in their care, dependent aged husbands, children under age 18, and disabled children aged 18 or over (whose disability began before age 18) of old-age or disability insurance beneficiaries. Survivor benefits are paid to aged widows, dependent aged widowers, children under age 18, disabled children aged 18 or over whose disability began before age 18, widows or divorced wives with child beneficiaries in their care, and dependent aged parents of deceased insured workers.

⁴ Distribution by State based on 10-percent sample.

⁵ Less than \$500.

Footnotes to table 5

¹ A person receiving both an old-age (retired-worker) benefit and a secondary survivor benefit, or an OASI secondary life benefit that was awarded, reinstated, or adjusted after Sept. 13, 1956, is represented only once—under old-age benefits—and the old-age benefit amount includes the reduced secondary benefit. A person receiving both a disability (disabled-worker) benefit and a DI secondary benefit is represented only once—under disability benefits—and the disability benefit amount includes the reduced secondary benefit. ² Based on monthly benefit check address.

³ Benefits under the old-age and survivors insurance (OASI) parts of the

old-age, survivors, and disability insurance program are payable from the OASI trust fund to old-age (retired-worker) beneficiaries and their dependents and to survivors of deceased workers. Benefits under the disability insurance (DI) part of the program are payable from the DI trust fund to disability (disabled-worker) beneficiaries and their dependents.

⁴ Payable to disabled workers under age 65.

⁵ Includes benefits payable to disabled persons aged 18 or over—dependent children of deceased, disabled, or retired insured workers—whose disability began before age 18.

TABLE 7.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Number of beneficiaries aged 65 or over ¹ receiving monthly benefits per 1,000 population aged 65 or over, ² by State, June 30, 1961

[Corrected to October 19, 1961]

State (ranked by number of beneficiaries aged 65 or over per 1,000 population aged 65 or over)	Beneficiaries aged 65 or over per 1,000 population aged 65 or over	State (ranked by number of beneficiaries aged 65 or over per 1,000 population aged 65 or over)	Beneficiaries aged 65 or over per 1,000 population aged 65 or over
Total ¹	657	North Carolina.....	655
Rhode Island.....	758	Kansas.....	644
New Hampshire.....	743	Wyoming.....	640
Michigan.....	730	Kentucky.....	639
Maine.....	734	California.....	637
Connecticut.....	731	Virginia.....	633
Oregon.....	729	Missouri.....	627
Indiana.....	724	Maryland.....	625
Wisconsin.....	724	Florida.....	624
New Jersey.....	721	Nevada.....	609
New York.....	703	Arizona.....	596
Pennsylvania.....	702	Tennessee.....	595
Vermont.....	701	South Carolina.....	593
Massachusetts.....	699	Arkansas.....	588
Idaho.....	698	Colorado.....	586
West Virginia.....	692	Alaska.....	573
Washington.....	689	Alabama.....	562
Delaware.....	686	Mississippi.....	557
Ohio.....	680	Texas.....	552
Hawaii.....	678	Oklahoma.....	544
North Dakota.....	674	Georgia.....	536
Illinois.....	673	New Mexico.....	530
Montana.....	672	District of Columbia.....	531
Iowa.....	669	Puerto Rico.....	490
South Dakota.....	667	Louisiana.....	479
Nebraska.....	658	Virgin Islands.....	328
Minnesota.....	657	Guam.....	18
Utah.....	656	American Samoa.....	0

¹ Persons receiving old-age, wife's, husband's, widow's, widower's, and parent's benefits; adjusted to exclude (1) women beneficiaries aged 62-64, (2) wife beneficiaries under age 62 with child beneficiaries in their care, and (3) duplicate counts for beneficiaries receiving both old-age and wife's or husband's benefits.

² Preliminary estimate of the population aged 65 or over as of July 1, 1961, prepared by the Social Security Administration.

³ United States, American Samoa, Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS

(Continued from page 18)

MANNY, ELSIE S., YANNIELLO, WILLIAM G., and JOHNSTON, HELEN L. *Rural Health: Selected Annotated References, January 1953-June 1960.* (Dept. of Agriculture, Miscellaneous Publication No. 860.) Washington: U.S. Govt. Print. Off., May 1961. 38 pp. 25 cents.

McELRATH, DENNIS C. "Perspective and Participation of Physicians in Prepaid Group Practice." *American Sociological Review*, Vol. 26, Aug. 1961, pp. 596-607. \$2.

PAULEY, RUTH M. "Medical Care in Public Assistance." *Social Work*, Vol. 6, July 1961, pp. 98-104. \$1.75.

Proposes formation of State medical assistance advisory committees.

TRAVIS, GEORGIA. *Chronic Disease and Disability.* Berkeley and Los Angeles: University of California Press, 1961. 295 pp. \$6.

A medical-social guidebook for social workers without medical training.

WEEKS, H. ASHLEY. *Family Spending Patterns and Health Care.* (Health Information Foundation Study.) Cambridge, Mass.: Harvard University Press, 1961. 140 pp. \$3.50.

Why families spend what they do for each type of personal health service.

WORSNOP, RICHARD L. "Socialized Medicine in Great Britain." *Editorial Research Reports*, Vol. 2, Aug. 9, 1961, pp. 584-598. \$2.

TABLE 8.—Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: Estimated number of employers and workers and amount of earnings in covered employment during specified period, 1940-60

[Data through 1950 relate to wage and salary employment; beginning 1951, annual data include self-employment; quarterly data exclude self-employment and beginning 1955, agricultural labor. Data corrected to September 1961; preliminary, beginning 1958]

Year and quarter	Employers reporting taxable wages ¹ (in thousands)	Workers reported with taxable earnings ² (in thousands)	Reported taxable earnings ³		Workers employed during period ⁴ (in thousands)	Total earnings of workers reported ⁵	
			Total (in millions)	Average per worker		Total (in millions)	Average per worker
1940	2,500	35,393	\$32,974	\$932	35,393	\$35,068	\$1,008
1941	2,646	40,976	41,848	1,021	40,976	45,468	1,110
1942	2,655	46,363	52,939	1,142	46,363	58,219	1,256
1943	2,394	47,656	62,423	1,310	47,656	69,653	1,462
1944	2,469	46,296	64,420	1,392	46,296	73,349	1,584
1945	2,614	46,362	62,945	1,357	46,362	71,560	1,543
1946	3,017	48,845	69,088	1,414	48,845	79,260	1,623
1947	3,245	48,908	78,372	1,602	48,908	82,449	1,690
1948	3,298	49,018	84,122	1,716	49,018	102,255	2,086
1949	3,316	46,796	81,808	1,748	46,796	99,989	2,137
1950	3,345	48,283	87,498	1,812	48,283	109,804	2,274
1951	4,440	58,120	120,968	2,081	58,120	148,000	2,550
1952	4,450	59,576	128,724	2,161	59,576	161,000	2,700
1953	4,359	60,839	136,003	2,235	60,839	173,000	2,840
1954	4,350	59,610	133,588	2,241	59,610	172,000	2,890
1955	5,050	65,203	157,772	2,420	65,203	195,000	2,990
1956	5,100	67,612	170,689	2,525	67,612	214,000	3,170
1957	5,100	70,500	181,421	2,570	70,500	231,000	3,280
1958	5,100	70,000	180,892	2,580	70,000	233,000	3,330
1959	5,200	71,500	203,000	2,840	71,500	255,000	3,570
1960	5,250	78,000	210,000	2,880	78,000	268,000	3,670
1953							
January-March	3,590	46,951	36,382	775	46,951	37,000	790
April-June	3,662	48,220	35,963	746	48,497	39,000	800
July-September	3,654	47,637	30,864	648	49,187	39,000	790
October-December	3,682	41,358	22,824	552	48,946	41,000	850
1954							
January-March	3,620	45,964	35,913	779	45,964	37,000	800
April-June	3,726	46,790	35,084	750	47,115	38,000	810
July-September	3,715	46,250	30,058	650	47,972	38,000	790
October-December	3,768	40,292	22,598	561	46,984	41,000	870
1955							
January-March	3,830	46,699	35,053	815	46,699	39,000	840
April-June	3,951	48,660	38,776	797	48,888	41,000	840
July-September	3,948	49,259	33,621	723	50,509	43,000	850
October-December	3,985	44,847	28,054	626	50,120	46,000	920
1956							
January-March	3,976	49,333	43,031	872	49,333	44,000	890
April-June	4,055	50,940	42,547	835	51,234	45,000	880
July-September	4,052	50,735	36,811	726	52,373	46,000	880
October-December	4,063	45,182	28,958	641	51,533	49,000	950
1957							
January-March	4,010	53,044	47,662	899	53,044	49,000	920
April-June	4,153	54,544	46,364	850	54,858	50,000	910
July-September	4,060	53,846	39,462	733	55,796	51,000	910
October-December	4,065	46,561	28,884	620	54,274	52,000	960
1958							
January-March	4,032	52,200	47,283	906	52,200	49,000	940
April-June	4,135	53,300	45,690	857	53,600	50,000	930
July-September	4,110	53,600	39,320	734	55,900	51,000	910
October-December	4,115	46,660	29,279	628	55,100	58,000	960
1959							
January-March	4,095	53,200	50,500	949	53,200	51,000	960
April-June	4,200	55,300	51,600	933	55,600	55,000	990
July-September	4,170	55,200	44,700	810	57,800	56,000	970
October-December	4,180	50,600	35,000	704	58,200	60,000	1,030
1960							
January-March	4,110	55,000	54,500	900	55,000	55,000	1,000
April-June	4,240	56,900	54,000	950	57,300	59,000	1,030
July-September	4,190	56,500	46,000	810	58,000	60,000	1,030
October-December	4,220	49,000	34,000	690	58,000	61,000	1,050

¹ Annual data represent number of different employers filing returns for year; quarterly data, number of returns for quarter. A return may relate to more than 1 establishment if employer operates several separate establishments but reports for concern as a whole.

² Annual data represent unduplicated count of persons reported; quarterly data include some persons who received taxable limit in a previous quarter of calendar year from a different employer (a wage-and-salary worker is not reported by a given employer in quarters of calendar year following the quarter in which wages from the employer reached the taxable limit).

³ Wages up to the taxable limit from each employer and self-employment income. The annual taxable limit on wages from a given employer or on self-

employment income was \$3,000 through 1950, \$3,600 for 1951-54, \$4,200 for 1955-58, and \$4,800 beginning 1959. Not completely adjusted for erroneously reported taxable earnings in excess of taxable limit.

⁴ Annual data represent persons reported; quarterly data include estimates of wage-and-salary workers who received taxable limit in previous quarter of calendar year from a given employer.

⁵ Annual data represent total earnings, including estimates of wages above annual taxable limit and net earnings from self-employment of workers reported. Quarterly data exclude net earnings from self-employment and, beginning 1955, agricultural wages. Beginning 1951, totals are rounded to nearest billion; corresponding averages are rounded to nearest \$10.

TABLE 9.—Employment security: Selected data on nonfarm placements and unemployment insurance claims and benefits, by State, August 1961¹

State	Nonfarm place- ments	Initial claims		Weeks of unemploy- ment covered by continued claims		Compensated unemployment					Average weekly insured unemploy- ment ¹
		Total ²	Women	Total	Women	All types of unemployment ³			Total unemployment		
						Weeks compen- sated	Benefits paid ⁴	Average weekly number of bene- ficiaries	Weeks compen- sated	Average weekly payment	
Total.....	* 603,246	1,247,648	390,847	8,369,938	2,963,529	7,309,560	\$237,164,894	1,589,035	6,777,704	\$33.36	1,743,547
Alabama.....	9,491	15,776	3,209	115,954	29,697	93,022	2,053,212	20,222	88,599	22.45	24,337
Alaska.....	761	1,371	261	8,187	2,079	6,984	232,914	1,518	6,674	36.57	1,697
Arizona.....	8,743	8,288	1,776	41,963	13,153	33,186	991,610	7,214	31,865	30.19	8,895
Arkansas.....	9,176	8,953	2,474	68,893	22,334	47,847	1,044,461	10,402	44,570	22.53	14,339
California.....	63,125	135,701	38,824	902,141	317,496	795,618	31,994,149	172,960	755,707	40.50	190,156
Colorado.....	10,867	4,654	1,178	31,478	11,886	28,434	1,045,333	6,181	26,453	37.65	6,689
Connecticut.....	8,063	23,666	9,128	145,134	67,985	126,793	4,329,828	27,564	121,157	34.57	31,105
Delaware.....	894	2,879	627	23,316	4,153	22,014	789,670	4,786	16,894	36.80	5,008
District of Columbia.....	4,680	2,612	848	21,528	8,931	19,450	605,491	4,228	18,978	26.24	4,569
Florida.....	18,733	27,815	10,000	214,678	89,784	174,772	4,732,032	37,994	167,624	27.46	45,942
Georgia.....	14,898	21,198	7,492	144,475	59,375	119,208	3,030,794	25,928	103,980	27.45	30,700
Hawaii.....	1,998	2,850	970	24,798	9,266	21,612	765,976	4,698	20,602	36.26	5,380
Idaho.....	7,105	2,664	703	10,341	10,792	14,838	464,400	3,226	13,116	32.32	3,836
Illinois.....	20,671	81,325	16,533	387,614	140,677	368,901	13,435,178	80,196	350,481	36.68	81,624
Indiana.....	8,658	27,056	7,378	170,228	52,469	138,889	4,157,291	30,193	126,192	31.06	33,688
Iowa.....	9,487	9,242	2,935	53,022	16,563	43,899	1,288,885	9,543	40,233	30.06	11,618
Kansas.....	8,468	8,986	1,447	42,215	14,376	39,006	1,388,899	8,480	36,648	34.10	8,550
Kentucky.....	5,101	13,029	3,000	123,564	35,347	104,234	2,906,587	22,660	96,503	28.84	26,059
Louisiana.....	6,992	17,723	2,606	131,720	27,816	116,409	3,332,442	25,306	106,329	29.65	28,468
Maine.....	3,154	5,323	2,189	55,515	32,453	47,792	1,025,681	10,390	44,314	21.73	11,977
Maryland.....	7,933	16,430	5,464	122,974	39,354	122,686	3,993,455	26,671	115,011	30.83	26,807
Massachusetts.....	14,260	45,294	22,362	303,691	141,997	275,114	9,340,977	50,807	239,836	36.12	64,895
Michigan.....	12,591	105,011	14,521	604,373	103,661	502,214	18,474,696	109,177	481,037	37.51	113,557
Minnesota.....	11,706	11,964	2,679	100,826	31,688	85,779	2,437,288	18,648	81,118	28.90	21,112
Mississippi.....	9,608	8,214	2,151	67,485	19,225	50,356	1,154,644	10,947	46,957	23.47	13,930
Missouri.....	11,517	37,221	9,612	185,939	53,794	140,882	3,861,216	30,627	126,939	28.98	40,396
Montana.....	8,890	3,048	839	17,028	7,057	12,032	349,886	2,616	12,032	28.70	2,778
Nebraska.....	4,934	2,742	1,080	15,170	7,603	14,695	423,417	3,195	14,084	29.42	3,398
Nevada.....	3,038	2,942	694	15,477	4,472	14,318	826,783	3,113	13,665	37.43	3,270
New Hampshire.....	2,117	3,102	1,661	27,700	15,123	24,647	620,445	5,358	22,176	26.39	6,016
New Jersey.....	14,086	47,039	20,012	341,376	168,361	315,740	10,428,977	68,639	286,563	33.95	70,667
New Mexico.....	3,878	4,288	645	27,123	5,396	28,370	799,792	6,167	28,758	28.73	6,471
New York.....	70,132	186,002	77,853	1,074,084	453,930	994,854	35,495,565	216,273	901,857	37.43	221,572
North Carolina.....	16,453	23,249	11,947	162,535	62,002	146,000	3,110,117	31,799	135,888	21.65	32,264
North Dakota.....	2,482	904	191	6,880	1,808	1,250	111,650	930	3,538	26.30	1,421
Ohio.....	20,655	61,593	14,491	435,919	131,177	381,540	14,917,483	82,943	358,296	39.99	90,374
Oklahoma.....	12,949	9,121	2,793	80,536	31,088	63,024	1,604,619	13,701	59,881	25.99	16,931
Oregon.....	9,042	11,449	2,609	63,552	22,630	49,977	1,636,037	10,865	46,068	33.52	13,015
Pennsylvania.....	22,555	112,943	35,261	876,475	289,206	814,472	24,891,836	177,059	737,702	31.94	184,155
Puerto Rico ⁵	4,050	9,755	2,657	77,624	20,710	56,420	763,933	12,265	55,805	13.60	17,114
Rhode Island.....	2,742	8,119	4,313	54,641	29,278	47,609	1,335,964	10,350	43,594	29.10	10,906
South Carolina.....	8,864	10,978	4,438	68,430	30,196	55,461	1,220,697	12,057	62,605	22.42	14,394
South Dakota.....	2,774	557	938	3,248	1,661	2,656	67,385	877	2,250	27.12	696
Tennessee.....	10,570	16,919	6,280	168,900	63,272	133,067	3,061,024	28,928	124,859	23.64	34,815
Texas.....	49,230	33,553	9,331	233,038	79,219	194,914	4,568,562	42,373	183,383	23.84	49,060
Utah.....	4,503	7,310	855	23,174	9,269	18,077	568,327	3,930	16,922	31.96	5,168
Vermont.....	1,257	1,866	772	13,082	5,887	11,519	315,133	2,504	10,559	28.83	2,675
Virgin Islands.....	592	1	0	1	0						
Virginia.....	9,658	8,860	3,395	70,911	31,910	55,562	1,323,044	12,079	53,080	24.21	14,793
Washington.....	11,585	25,649	7,310	149,195	66,305	126,229	3,748,402	27,441	121,360	29.92	31,894
West Virginia.....	3,746	10,129	1,255	92,744	16,475	77,657	1,720,156	16,882	73,434	22.51	19,533
Wisconsin.....	11,345	29,401	9,467	153,361	51,683	119,568	4,871,139	25,993	107,189	41.63	33,783
Wyoming.....	1,885	984	173	6,664	1,760	6,873	267,394	1,494	6,390	39.37	1,475

¹ Excludes data for the Federal employees' unemployment compensation program, administered by the States as agents of the Federal Government.

² Excludes transitional claims.

³ Total, part-total, and partial.

⁴ Not adjusted for voided benefit checks and transfers under interstate combined-wage plan.

⁵ Includes 54 placements made in Guam, not shown separately.

⁶ Beginning January 1961, under the Social Security Amendments of 1960, the Commonwealth unemployment insurance program became part of the Federal-State system.

Source: Department of Labor, Bureau of Employment Security, and affiliated State agencies.

TABLE 10.—Number of recipients of public assistance in the United States, by month, August 1960-August 1961¹

[Except for general assistance, includes cases receiving only vendor payments for medical care]

Year and month	Old-age assistance	Medical assistance for the aged ²	Aid to dependent children ³			Aid to blind	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	General assistance ⁴	
			Families	Total ⁴	Children			Cases	Recipients
Number of recipients									
1960									
August.....	2,352,956	-----	783,804	2,981,653	2,298,493	107,964	366,202	350,000	944,000
September.....	2,350,960	-----	786,022	2,995,900	2,310,889	107,740	367,947	361,000	958,000
October.....	2,350,123	-----	789,782	3,012,536	2,324,475	107,672	370,797	365,000	973,000
November.....	2,334,854	12,791	795,047	3,034,379	2,341,789	107,565	372,417	385,000	1,055,000
December.....	2,332,031	14,922	806,312	3,060,267	2,377,363	107,556	373,915	431,000	1,244,000
1961									
January.....	2,326,123	16,734	815,329	3,118,231	2,406,382	107,182	374,360	477,000	1,434,000
February.....	2,320,105	18,678	825,023	3,156,289	2,435,213	106,752	374,728	506,000	1,552,000
March.....	2,318,077	21,492	840,220	3,212,228	2,478,101	106,513	377,481	525,000	1,607,000
April.....	2,302,265	27,998	848,045	3,242,796	2,502,243	106,201	379,343	497,000	1,478,000
May.....	2,300,018	41,388	868,320	3,335,112	2,575,516	105,992	381,203	459,000	1,205,000
June.....	2,296,190	46,428	878,332	3,382,965	2,613,273	105,696	383,952	400,000	1,049,000
July.....	2,292,200	51,571	880,342	3,394,140	2,622,580	105,182	386,320	385,000	979,000
August.....	2,290,094	59,093	892,347	3,449,595	2,665,388	104,912	388,640	391,000	986,000
Percentage change from previous month									
1960									
August.....	-0.1	-----	-0.7	-0.8	-0.8	(*)	+0.5	+1.5	+1.3
September.....	(*)	-----	+0.3	+0.5	+0.5	-0.1	+0.5	+0.6	+1.4
October.....	-0.6	-----	+0.5	+0.6	+0.6	-0.1	+0.8	+1.1	+1.5
November.....	-0.1	-----	+0.7	+0.7	+0.7	-0.1	+0.4	+5.5	+8.5
December.....	-0.1	+16.7	+1.4	+1.5	+1.5	(*)	+0.4	+12.0	+17.9
1961									
January.....	-0.3	+12.1	+1.1	+1.2	+1.2	-0.3	+0.1	+10.7	+15.3
February.....	-0.3	+11.6	+1.2	+1.2	+1.2	-0.4	+0.1	+6.1	+8.2
March.....	-0.1	+15.1	+1.8	+1.6	+1.8	-0.2	+0.7	+3.7	+3.6
April.....	-0.7	+30.3	+0.9	+1.0	+1.0	-0.3	+0.5	-5.3	-8.1
May.....	-0.1	+47.8	+2.4	+2.8	+2.9	-0.2	+0.5	-11.6	-18.5
June.....	-0.2	+12.2	+1.2	+1.4	+1.5	-0.4	+0.7	-7.6	-12.9
July.....	-0.2	+11.1	+0.2	+0.3	+0.4	-0.4	+0.6	-5.1	-6.7
August.....	-0.1	+14.6	+1.4	+1.6	+1.6	-0.2	+0.6	+1.4	+0.7

¹ For definition of terms see the *Bulletin*, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.² Program initiated in October 1960 under the Social Security Amendments of 1960.³ Beginning May 1961 includes data on aid to dependent children of unemployed parents and, beginning June 1961, data on aid to dependent children receiving foster-family care, authorized by P.L. 87-31.⁴ Includes as recipients the children and 1 parent or other adult relative in families in which the requirements of at least 1 such adult were considered in determining the amount of assistance.

* Partly estimated. Excludes Idaho; data not available.

* Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.

TABLE 11.—Amount of public assistance payments in the United States, by month, August 1960-August 1961¹

[Except for general assistance, includes vendor payments for medical care]

Year and month	Total ²	Old-age assistance	Medical assistance for the aged ³	Aid to dependent children ⁴	Aid to the blind	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	General assistance ⁵
Amount of assistance							
1960							
August.....	\$314,345,000	\$161,762,171	-----	\$57,593,605	\$7,879,502	\$24,268,000	\$34,457,000
September.....	316,571,000	161,621,858	-----	58,805,831	7,914,113	24,543,299	24,786,000
October.....	318,545,000	163,112,944	-----	59,426,978	7,838,274	24,735,817	25,039,000
November.....	321,820,000	160,729,459	-----	60,404,223	7,831,213	24,894,799	26,921,000
December.....	329,820,000	161,263,557	\$2,441,175	62,609,368	7,870,304	25,291,867	30,881,000
1961							
January.....	332,828,000	159,532,704	3,437,412	63,970,358	7,890,091	25,226,990	33,810,000
February.....	337,174,000	159,460,373	3,852,628	65,167,323	7,843,293	25,268,391	36,098,000
March.....	345,776,000	160,925,261	4,035,741	66,306,279	7,878,028	25,699,485	39,107,000
April.....	340,034,000	157,616,386	5,890,726	66,642,239	7,750,134	25,909,157	35,794,000
May.....	341,065,000	157,951,881	8,295,631	100,749,032	7,814,707	26,310,179	30,082,000
June.....	337,032,000	155,802,211	9,312,876	102,487,778	7,747,143	26,182,294	26,438,000
July.....	336,528,000	155,782,944	10,943,079	102,651,815	7,701,987	26,400,636	24,507,000
August.....	342,658,000	156,737,688	11,959,747	105,288,659	7,743,360	26,589,659	25,572,000
Percentage change from previous month							
1960							
August.....	+0.6	+0.3	-----	-0.2	+0.3	+0.5	+3.9
September.....	+0.7	-0.1	-----	+1.4	+4	+1.1	+1.2
October.....	+0.6	+0.9	-----	+7	-7	+8	+1.1
November.....	+1.0	-1.5	-----	+1.1	-3	+6	+7.4
December.....	+2.5	+3	+10.7	+2.4	+5	+1.6	+14.7
1961							
January.....	+0.9	-1.1	+17.6	+1.5	+3	-3	+9.5
February.....	+1.3	(⁶)	+12.1	+1.3	-6	+2	+6.8
March.....	+2.6	+0	+4.7	+3.3	+4	+1.7	+8.3
April.....	-1.4	-2.1	+46.0	+3	-1.6	+8	-8.5
May.....	(⁷)	+2	+40.8	+2.1	+8	+1.5	-16.0
June.....	-1.2	-1.4	+12.3	+1.7	-9	-5	-12.1
July.....	-1	(⁶)	+17.5	+2	-6	+8	-7.3
August.....	+1.8	+6	+9.3	+2.6	+5	+7	+4.3

¹ For definition of terms see the *Bulletin*, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.² Total exceeds sum of columns because of inclusion of vendor payments for medical care from general assistance funds and from special medical funds; data for such expenditures partly estimated for some States.³ Program initiated in October 1960 under the Social Security Amendments of 1960. Excludes money payments in Massachusetts and North Dakota not subject to Federal participation; see table 16 for amount for current

month.

⁴ Beginning May 1961 includes payments for children of unemployed parents and beginning June 1961 for children in foster-family care, authorized by P. L. 87-31.⁵ Partly estimated. Excludes Idaho; data not available.⁶ Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.⁷ Increase of less than 0.05 percent

TABLE 12.—Proportion of population receiving assistance (recipient rates), by State, June 1961

[Except for general assistance includes recipients receiving only vendor payments for medical care. All data subject to revision]

State	Recipients of old-age assistance per 1,000 population aged 65 and over	Recipients of medical assistance for the aged per 1,000 population aged 65 and over	Children receiving aid to dependent children per 1,000 population under age 18	Recipients of aid to the blind per 100,000 population aged 18 and over	Recipients of aid to the permanently and totally disabled per 1,000 population aged 15-64	Recipients of general assistance per 1,000 persons under age 65
United States average ¹	134	11.0	39	91	4.0	6.4
Ala.	374		53	80	7.2	(²)
Alaska	237		32	80		1.8
Ariz.	146		50	108	5.2	
Ark.	286		32	181	8.3	
Calif.	178		43	132	1.5	5.2
Colo.	293		37	24	6.0	2.6
Conn.	55		24	18	1.6	7.0
Del.	33		32	93	1.7	10.4
D. C.	44		88	40	6.1	2.5
Fla.	116		39	73	3.7	(²)
Ga.	321		30	160	11.1	1.4
Guam	99		25	16	1.9	(²)
Hawaii	48		30	24	3.3	3.8
Idaho	121		25	37	3.6	(²)
Ill.	70		41	44	3.5	13.3
Ind.	58		20	62		17.5
Iowa	101		29	79	.5	4.0
Kans.	113		25	43	3.7	4.7
Ky.	188	.1	51	129	6.1	2.4
La.	508		53	141	9.6	3.1
Maine	103		44	68	4.3	10.4
Md.	41	6.9	28	22	3.7	1.9
Mass.	108	27.4	24	64	3.5	3.8
Mich.	86	6.3	26	35	1.2	18.2
Minn.	126		22	49	1.4	8.7
Miss.	423		71	433	12.1	.6
Mo.	221		52	173	6.6	3.4
Mont.	97		22	76	3.6	6.2
Nebr.	86		19	86	2.9	2.1
Nev.	133		33	95		2.3
N. H.	71		15	63	1.4	6.5
N. J.	33		24	23	2.1	5.4
N. Mex.	205		55	86	5.5	1.2
N. Y.	35	10.2	45	30	3.7	6.3
N. C.	149		50	188	8.3	1.4
N. Dak.	120		22	25	3.6	2.5
Ohio	98		26	56	2.6	14.3
Okla.	348	1.0	64	121	8.1	(²)
Oreg.	87		29	23	5.3	(²)
Pa.	43		54	237	2.8	4.2
P. R.	301		153	151	20.7	1.0
R. I.	73		52	21	6.3	6.9
S. C.	202		30	126	6.6	1.3
S. Dak.	116		32	39	2.4	1.8
Tenn.	171		49	117	5.4	2.0
Tex.	285		16	107	1.4	(²)
Utah	121		29	37	5.8	4.3
Vt.	128		25	45	4.1	(²)
V. I.	264	11.5	48	106	6.1	4.3
Va.	49		22	51	3.1	1.7
Wash.	165	1.9	33	39	4.9	(²)
W. Va.	108	35.0	89	88	7.5	3.1
Wis.	81		19	36	1.9	7.6
Wyo.	115		17	27	3.8	3.6

¹ Based on civilian population as of July 1, 1961; estimated by the Social Security Administration.

² Based on data for 9 States for medical assistance for the aged and for 50 States for aid to the permanently and totally disabled; no program in operation in remaining States.

³ Based on data for 47 States. See footnote 6.

⁴ Less than 0.05.

⁵ Includes recipients of payments made without Federal participation. Recipient rates excluding these recipients are as follows: California, 129; Missouri, 148; and Pennsylvania, 83.

⁶ Number of persons aided not currently available.

⁷ Includes unknown number of persons receiving medical care, hospitalization, and burial only.

TABLE 13.—Amount of vendor payments for medical care for recipients of public assistance, by program and State, August 1961¹

State	Old-age assistance	Medical assistance for the aged	Aid to dependent children	Aid to the blind	Aid to the permanently and totally disabled	General assistance
Total..	\$26,447,263	\$11,950,747	\$6,600,099	\$708,577	\$5,043,030	\$48,767,000
Ala.	354,212		470	5	889	20
Alaska	412,719		22,002	11,530	(²)	\$28,264
Ark.	3,261,722		1,377,480	150,713	255,923	38,955
Calif.	819,524		27,785	2,170	16,514	74,343
Conn.	935,888		152,543	15,158	140,967	(²)
Del.	34,288		887	231	19,450	440
D. C.	800,795		35,158	13,107	103,256	
Fla.	11,133	47,608	25,987	686	9,417	
Idaho	74,385	134,399		235	9,578	
Ill.	2,378,742		775,840	70,704	549,855	\$1,040,450
Ind.	582,710		167,345	31,319	(²)	\$335,282
Iowa	875,263		113,045	11,399	1,663	\$65,680
Kans.	348,633		88,471	6,391	60,149	72,499
Ky.	112,362	5,346	77,454	4,852	16,404	
La.	688,010		17,741	5,469	63,174	7,453
Maine	238,930		29,129	5,016	36,703	75,568
Md.	60,387	63,211	58,042	346	1,929	
Mass.	1,008,761	3,272,259	225,482	22,068	644,742	163,989
Mich.	725,694	1,223,514	125,223	13,061	95,668	373,913
Minn.	1,995,273		232,169	42,016	13,462	\$800,676
Miss.	73,615					
Mo.	166,289		27,468		23,673	10,064
Mont.	1,570			65		\$272,356
Nebr.	355,102			24,501	56,545	\$24,974
Nev.	16,347			1,206	(²)	\$138,063
N. H.	103,221		21,372	4,693	14,718	(²)
N. J.	702,069			168	146,731	250,833
N. Mex.	118,010		93,255	2,807	36,390	11,228
N. Y.	1,009,902	6,605,297	1,311,775	70,827	1,169,858	269,684
N. C.	197,852		100,132	4,674	113,359	\$150,108
N. Dak.	222,597	\$4,408	27,978	1,290	40,803	\$20,124
Ohio	1,354,234		421	46,630	159,915	\$1,488,790
Okla.	1,295,559	58,953	169,903	181	174,998	(²)
Oreg.	512,267		52,590	2,783	113,918	85,856
Pa.	233,373		406,857	64,055	111,534	171,998
R. I.	98,565		104,192	1,254	44,790	\$54,408
S. C.	69,188	28,051	15,812	2,867	22,891	11,185
S. Dak.	102,144					\$100,891
Tenn.	171,990	458	29,428	2,361	16,143	
Utah	232,178		52,159	4,303	81,369	2,868
Vt.	120,008			596	8,169	
V. I.	707	208		5	194	279
Va.	178,948		23,573	9,998	62,678	\$16,206
Wash.	\$1,483,087	3,061	\$240,143	\$16,198	\$219,365	\$65,949
W. Va.	127,641	492,985	164,913	5,814	42,936	\$17,976
Wis.	1,657,798		106,459	33,443	256,034	142,851
Wyo.	33,140		6,436	439	7,963	40,015

¹ For the special types of public assistance figures in italics represent payments made without Federal participation. For State programs not shown, no vendor payments were made during the month or such payments were not reported.

² Includes an estimated amount for States making vendor payments for medical care from general assistance funds and from special medical funds and reporting these data semiannually but not on a monthly basis.

³ No program for aid to the permanently and totally disabled.

⁴ Includes payments made in behalf of recipients of the special types of public assistance.

⁵ Data not available.

⁶ Estimated.

TABLE 14.—Average payment per recipient for all assistance, for money payments, and for vendor payments for medical care, by program and State, August 1961¹

State	Old-age assistance			Medical assistance for the aged	Aid to dependent children (per recipient)			Aid to the blind			Aid to the permanently and totally disabled		
	All assistance	Money payments to recipients	Vendor payments for medical care		All assistance	Money payments to recipients	Vendor payments for medical care	All assistance	Money payments to recipients	Vendor payments for medical care	All assistance	Money payments to recipients	Vendor payments for medical care
All States.....	\$68.44	\$56.89	\$11.55	\$202.39	\$30.52	\$28.01	\$1.91	\$73.81	\$67.05	\$6.75	\$68.42	\$55.44	\$12.98
Alabama.....	56.66	53.12	3.54	.....	10.16	10.16	.01	42.05	42.04	(²)	37.91	37.84	.07
Alaska.....	68.54	68.54	.....	.....	33.89	33.89	.....	74.13	74.13	.....	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arizona.....	60.68	60.68	.....	.....	29.99	29.99	.....	72.41	72.41	.....	(³)	(³)	(³)
Arkansas.....	52.05	44.73	7.32	.....	15.84	14.96	.87	56.48	50.68	5.80	42.21	31.73	10.48
California.....	91.04	78.19	12.85	.....	46.61	42.19	4.42	106.69	95.52	11.16	98.94	80.98	17.96
Colorado.....	90.56	83.25	16.31	.....	33.52	32.63	.89	79.53	71.58	7.95	71.19	68.27	2.92
Connecticut.....	110.37	44.23	66.14	.....	47.01	41.95	5.06	112.89	61.86	51.04	118.94	58.65	60.29
Delaware.....	49.71	49.71	.....	.....	22.85	22.85	.....	70.16	65.75	4.41	60.10	60.10	.....
District of Columbia.....	67.18	55.98	11.20	.....	33.73	33.69	.04	68.50	67.42	1.09	75.46	71.97	3.49
Florida.....	60.18	47.91	12.27	.....	16.72	16.32	.39	62.86	57.57	5.29	65.11	55.44	9.67
Georgia.....	47.04	47.04	.....	.....	23.44	23.44	.....	52.50	52.50	.....	51.46	51.46	.....
Guam.....	25.55	25.55	.....	.....	12.09	12.09	.....	(⁴)	(⁴)	.....	22.89	22.89	.....
Hawaii.....	63.66	55.24	8.42	188.62	38.67	35.93	2.74	83.68	76.06	7.61	94.38	73.85	20.53
Idaho.....	72.61	61.03	11.58	148.84	40.89	40.89	.....	71.37	69.76	1.61	57.04	51.31	5.74
Illinois.....	77.95	43.79	34.16	.....	41.05	37.24	3.81	96.76	62.65	34.11	87.68	60.52	27.16
Indiana.....	67.08	44.65	22.43	.....	28.22	24.75	3.47	76.13	59.40	16.73	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)
Iowa.....	88.70	62.37	26.33	.....	33.65	30.64	3.01	98.42	90.33	8.08	66.80	64.51	2.28
Kansas.....	82.30	69.50	12.79	.....	26.69	33.14	3.55	85.78	74.89	10.89	87.76	73.39	14.37
Kentucky.....	52.79	50.79	2.00	27.99	35.01	24.01	1.00	59.88	57.88	2.00	61.29	59.29	2.00
Louisiana.....	73.11	67.67	5.44	.....	23.47	23.28	.19	80.91	78.96	1.96	56.26	52.50	3.76
Maine.....	68.11	46.61	21.50	.....	27.14	25.74	1.40	67.23	55.23	12.00	71.20	54.20	17.00
Maryland.....	63.78	57.53	6.25	16.63	30.03	28.71	1.32	65.00	64.20	.80	65.00	64.70	.30
Massachusetts.....	80.49	64.45	16.04	192.33	43.89	40.04	3.85	121.84	111.74	10.10	127.98	64.04	63.94
Michigan.....	79.81	66.86	12.96	324.02	37.53	36.39	1.14	80.59	73.04	7.55	97.72	79.98	17.74
Minnesota.....	96.51	52.61	43.90	.....	46.37	40.20	6.18	100.71	69.96	39.75	61.11	55.97	5.14
Mississippi.....	35.25	34.35	.90	.....	9.31	9.31	.....	38.55	38.55	.....	34.86	34.86	.....
Missouri.....	61.34	59.87	1.47	.....	24.25	23.99	.27	65.00	65.00	.....	63.58	62.05	1.54
Montana.....	63.94	63.65	.29	.....	34.20	34.20	.....	72.04	71.84	.21	72.06	72.06	.....
Nebraska.....	76.48	49.44	27.04	.....	30.55	29.44	1.11	92.38	60.52	31.86	76.40	50.12	26.28
Nevada.....	77.93	71.43	6.49	.....	30.10	30.10	.....	100.40	93.77	6.63	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
New Hampshire.....	89.55	68.05	21.50	.....	42.11	37.05	5.05	90.07	71.07	19.00	99.83	66.83	33.00
New Jersey.....	91.33	54.19	37.14	.....	47.27	47.27	.....	87.61	87.43	.18	93.84	74.22	19.61
New Mexico.....	67.31	56.67	10.64	.....	32.25	29.16	3.09	64.07	56.38	7.69	70.98	57.66	13.32
New York.....	81.28	64.59	16.69	286.01	42.57	38.69	3.88	97.47	76.79	20.68	106.93	74.35	32.58
North Carolina.....	47.36	43.21	4.15	.....	20.52	19.61	.91	55.00	54.10	.90	53.91	48.39	5.53
North Dakota.....	88.35	56.38	31.97	71.78	39.46	35.47	3.99	74.73	60.24	14.49	94.66	59.24	35.42
Ohio.....	80.10	65.00	15.10	.....	30.95	30.95	(⁷)	79.82	66.53	13.29	73.94	62.57	11.37
Oklahoma.....	53.85	69.10	14.75	178.65	34.00	31.54	2.47	88.94	88.94	.10	97.40	80.58	16.82
Oregon.....	94.72	52.90	41.82	.....	42.79	40.47	2.31	87.18	76.27	10.91	91.34	68.38	22.95
Pennsylvania.....	68.88	64.19	4.68	.....	31.05	29.55	1.50	74.62	71.05	3.57	61.36	55.10	6.26
Puerto Rico.....	8.31	8.31	.....	.....	3.80	3.80	.....	8.20	8.20	.....	8.66	8.66	.....
Rhode Island.....	81.32	66.32	15.00	.....	38.86	33.61	5.25	78.79	67.79	11.00	86.67	71.67	15.00
South Carolina.....	40.79	38.53	2.26	189.53	14.39	13.97	.42	46.35	44.66	1.69	45.28	42.40	2.88
South Dakota.....	75.81	63.81	12.00	.....	29.06	29.06	.....	61.30	61.30	.....	64.65	64.65	.....
Tennessee.....	43.73	40.53	3.20	(⁸)	18.64	18.29	.35	47.11	46.21	.90	46.18	44.68	1.50
Texas.....	52.80	52.80	.....	.....	18.63	18.63	.....	58.36	58.36	.....	54.29	54.29	.....
Utah.....	81.53	60.51	21.02	.....	37.69	34.41	3.28	82.40	69.87	22.53	88.62	58.93	29.69
Vermont.....	71.05	49.56	21.50	.....	30.55	30.55	.....	61.76	56.44	5.32	64.08	54.41	9.67
Virgin Islands.....	32.03	30.53	1.50	(⁹)	17.38	17.38	.....	(⁹)	(⁹)	(⁹)	35.21	33.21	2.00
Virginia.....	54.16	41.80	12.35	.....	23.37	23.42	.55	59.96	51.88	8.08	60.60	51.28	9.32
Washington.....	88.46	56.77	31.69	(¹⁰)	43.70	38.88	4.82	95.03	72.38	22.65	87.29	57.49	29.81
West Virginia.....	41.02	34.16	6.86	53.66	25.76	24.13	1.64	44.88	38.93	5.94	43.80	37.88	5.92
Wisconsin.....	87.38	37.55	49.83	.....	44.37	39.09	5.28	87.70	51.07	36.63	103.63	41.65	61.98
Wyoming.....	76.82	65.53	11.30	.....	37.51	35.28	2.24	73.57	66.00	7.57	80.06	66.54	13.52

¹ Averages based on cases receiving money payments, vendor payments for medical care, or both. Money payments may also include small amounts for assistance in kind and vendor payments for other than medical care. Figures in italics represent payments made without Federal participation. Averages for general assistance not computed because of difference among States in policy or practice regarding use of general assistance funds to pay

medical bills for recipients of the special types of public assistance.

² No program for aid to the permanently and totally disabled.

³ Average payment not computed on base of fewer than 50 recipients.

⁴ Estimated.

TABLE 15.—Old-age assistance: Recipients and payments to recipients, by State, August 1961¹

[Includes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such payments]

State	Number of recipients	Payments to recipients		Percentage change from—			
		Total amount	Average	July 1961 in—		August 1960 in—	
				Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Total ¹	2,290,094	\$156,737,688	\$68.44	-0.1	+0.6	-2.7	-3.1
Ala.	100,199	5,677,160	56.60	+1	-2	+1.1	+8.2
Alaska	1,418	97,188	68.54	-1	+1.3	-4	+6.1
Ark.	14,141	858,049	60.68	(²)	(²)	+1.0	-2
Calif.	56,410	2,936,146	52.05	+1	-1	+1.1	+1.1
Colo.	235,863	23,111,579	91.04	+1	+3.7	-2	+2
Conn.	80,233	5,001,275	62.35	-1	-2	-1.1	-1.1
Del.	14,150	1,661,710	110.37	-8	-4.2	+1.9	+1.9
D.C.	1,199	59,606	49.71	+3	-3	-6.6	-6.6
Fla.	3,062	205,710	67.18	+7	+1.3	-1.8	+1.8
Ga.	70,174	4,222,927	60.18	+1	+7.0	+1.0	+6.2
Idaho	95,215	4,470,352	47.04	-1	-1	-1.3	-1.8
Guam	103	2,632	25.55	-1.0	-9	(²)	(²)
Hawaii	1,324	84,288	63.66	-5.9	-8.5	-7.9	-14.7
Idaho	6,421	460,233	72.61	-2.6	+2.0	-10.7	-7.0
Ill.	69,642	5,428,394	77.95	-4	-5	-4.1	-4.1
Ind.	25,983	1,742,901	67.08	-6	+1.8	-4.7	+8
Iowa	33,245	2,948,755	88.70	-2	-2	-2.2	+6.3
Kans.	27,253	2,242,884	82.30	-5	-5	-3.4	-5
Ky.	56,181	2,965,874	52.79	+4	+2.5	+1	+5.0
La.	126,462	9,246,215	73.11	+2	+2.9	+8	+3.4
Maine	11,113	756,908	68.11	+2	+2	-5.1	-3.0
Md.	9,662	616,219	63.78	+3	+2	+1	+7.4
Mass.	62,893	5,062,319	80.49	-5	+2	-19.6	-36.6
Mich.	56,005	4,469,914	79.81	-4	-9	-7.8	-4.0
Minn.	45,450	4,396,232	96.51	-1	-8	-2.2	+2.7
Miss.	81,699	2,880,084	35.25	+3	+1	+2.0	+3.9
Mo.	112,940	6,928,055	61.34	(²)	+1	-2.1	-1
Mont.	6,419	410,418	63.94	-4	-1	-4.9	-4.3
Nehr.	14,242	1,089,166	76.48	-3	-9	-4.0	+2.5
Nev.	2,518	196,216	77.93	-4	-2	-2.9	+1.9
N.H.	4,801	429,918	89.55	-4	-1.1	-5	+13.3
N.J.	18,904	1,726,548	91.33	-1	-5	-3	+1.2
N. Mex.	11,086	746,252	67.31	(²)	-1	+1.3	+1
N. Y.	60,497	4,917,118	81.28	-2	+8	-25.7	-43.6
N. C.	47,686	2,258,509	47.36	+3	+5.1	-1.2	+6.6
N. Dak.	6,963	615,162	88.35	-8	-3	-3.5	-1.8
Ohio	89,694	7,184,472	80.10	-5	-1	+6	+2.9
Okl.	87,813	7,363,467	83.85	-1	-7	-1.7	+4.0
Oreg.	16,068	1,363,788	84.72	-4	+3	-4.0	+1.4
Pa.	49,853	3,433,659	68.88	(²)	-2.5	-5	+2
P. R.	37,677	312,997	8.31	-3	-2	-3.3	-2.5
R. I.	6,571	534,382	81.32	-5	-3	-2.8	-2.1
S. C.	30,671	1,251,090	40.79	-4	+4.0	-4.3	-1.9
S. Dak.	8,512	645,306	75.81	+6	+18.5	-2.6	+18.4
Tenn.	53,747	2,350,328	43.73	-2	-9	-1.3	+3.2
Tex.	220,210	11,626,184	52.80	-1	-1	-6	-8
Utah	7,485	610,223	81.53	-3	+10.0	-4.0	+9.1
Vt.	6,583	396,692	71.05	-3	-3	+1.0	+12.6
V. I.	533	17,071	32.03	+4	+3.1	-3.1	+31.2
Va.	14,487	794,550	54.16	+4	+2.8	-2	+19.8
Wash.	46,800	4,140,087	88.46	-2	-1	-3.4	+1.4
W. Va.	18,604	793,135	41.02	-2	-2.7	-4.7	+6
Wis.	33,267	2,907,026	87.38	-5	-1.6	-9.5	-2.1
Wyo.	2,933	225,325	76.82	-4.2	-1.6	-9.5	-2.1

¹ For definition of terms see the *Bulletin*, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.

² Includes 3,745 recipients aged 60-64 in Colorado and payments of \$339,430 to these recipients. Such payments were made without Federal participation.

³ In addition, supplemental payments of \$16,493 from general assistance funds were made to 45 recipients.

⁴ Increase of less than 0.05 percent.

⁵ Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.

⁶ Percentage change not computed on base of fewer than 100 recipients.

⁷ Estimated.

TABLE 16.—Medical assistance for the aged: Recipients and payments for recipients, by State, August 1961¹

State	Number of recipients	Payments for recipients	
		Total amount	Average
Total	50,093	\$11,050,747	\$202.39
Hawaii	258	47,608	188.22
Idaho	903	134,399	148.84
Kentucky	191	5,346	27.99
Maryland	3,801	63,211	16.63
Massachusetts	17,014	3,272,259	192.33
Michigan	3,770	1,223,514	324.02
New York	23,095	6,605,297	286.01
North Dakota	310	24,406	77.73
Oklahoma	330	58,953	178.65
South Carolina	148	28,051	189.53
Tennessee	8	458	(²)
Virgin Islands	25	206	(²)
Washington	19	3,061	(²)
West Virginia	9,187	402,985	53.66

¹ Figures in italics represent program under State plan not yet approved by the Social Security Administration. All data subject to revision.

² Excludes money payments not subject to Federal participation as follows: \$99,493 in Massachusetts, and \$1,979 in North Dakota.

³ Average payment not computed on base of fewer than 50 recipients.

TABLE 17.—Aid to dependent children of unemployed parents: Recipients and payments to recipients, August 1961¹

State	Number of families	Number of recipients		Payments to recipients		
		Total ²	Children	Total	Average per—	
					Family	Recipient
Total	36,629	173,141	136,560	\$5,634,947	\$153.94	\$32.55
Connecticut	964	4,386	3,288	165,039	171.80	37.63
Delaware	332	1,638	1,307	30,241	91.09	18.46
Hawaii	151	892	773	85,012	108.42	86.84
Illinois	4,629	24,802	19,892	1,114,034	210.66	45.98
Maryland	251	1,256	985	40,537	161.80	32.80
Massachusetts	910	810	636	29,065	138.40	31.60
New York	9,839	49,606	39,452	1,692,214	161.83	32.16
Oklahoma	3	13	10	513	(²)	(²)
Pennsylvania	12,888	57,451	44,604	1,006,996	124.69	27.97
Rhode Island	498	2,214	1,716	84,874	170.43	38.34
Utah	502	2,134	1,632	69,373	138.19	32.51
Washington	1,500	5,700	4,400	252,514	178.88	40.80
West Virginia	5,059	22,830	17,786	644,505	127.40	28.23

¹ Payments for children of unemployed parents under aid to dependent children were authorized by P.L. 87-31. Data for this segment of the program, shown separately here, are included in table 18. Figures in italics represent program under State plan not yet approved by the Social Security Administration. All data subject to revision.

² Includes as recipients the children and 1 parent or other adult relative in families in which the requirements of at least 1 such adult were considered in determining the amount of assistance.

³ Average payments not computed on base of fewer than 50 recipients.

⁴ Estimated.

TABLE 18.—Aid to dependent children: Recipients and payments to recipients, by State, August 1961 ¹

[Includes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such payments]

State	Number of families	Number of recipients		Payments to recipients			Percentage change from—			
		Total ²	Children	Total amount	Average per—		July 1961 in—		August 1960 in—	
					Family	Recipient	Number of recipients	Amount	Number of recipients	Amount
Total ³	892,347	3,449,595	2,665,388	\$105,288,659	\$117.99	\$30.52	+1.6	+2.6	+15.7	+20.2
Alabama	21,282	86,077	67,522	874,851	41.11	10.16	—4	—4	+1.6	+6.6
Alaska	1,181	4,102	3,091	139,017	117.71	33.89	—1.5	—1.3	+8	+5.3
Arizona	8,976	36,479	28,091	1,094,126	121.89	29.99	+1.8	+1.6	+21.2	+20.0
Arkansas	6,603	25,183	19,396	398,805	60.40	15.84	+2.7	+8	—1	—1.0
California ⁴	87,159	311,789	246,026	14,531,868	166.73	46.61	+7	+2.8	+15.5	+16.9
Colorado	8,109	31,332	24,616	1,050,167	129.51	33.52	—1	—2.9	+10.6	+11.6
Connecticut ⁵	8,656	30,171	22,752	1,418,356	165.77	47.01	+2.1	+2.0	+18.8	+21.2
Delaware ⁵	1,860	7,177	6,581	164,024	88.18	22.85	+1.7	+1.5	+14.5	+28.5
District of Columbia	5,597	23,174	19,931	849,122	151.71	33.73	+1.5	+1	+18.4	18.8
Florida	24,256	89,148	71,005	1,490,265	61.44	16.72	+1.6	+7	+2.4	+1.5
Georgia	16,038	59,539	46,064	1,395,649	86.91	23.44	—2	—2	+7.8	+6.6
Guam	164	920	764	11,120	67.80	12.09	+8	—1.2	+44.4	+52.5
Hawaii ¹	2,432	9,495	7,534	367,142	130.96	38.67	+7	+13.0	+4.3	+8.3
Idaho	2,376	8,887	6,563	363,397	152.94	40.89	—1.0	—4	+11.1	+11.5
Illinois ⁴	47,354	203,514	158,933	8,354,000	176.42	41.05	+5.7	+7.9	+35.1	+41.3
Indiana	12,148	45,366	34,333	1,280,106	105.38	28.22	+2	—6	+8.0	+9.5
Iowa	10,156	37,545	28,449	1,263,311	124.39	33.65	+7	—1	+9.7	—4
Kansas	6,474	24,896	19,680	913,422	141.09	36.69	+2	+4	+6.5	+6.5
Kentucky	21,636	77,454	58,172	1,936,947	89.52	25.01	+7	+2.8	+5.7	+10.2
Louisiana ⁴	22,470	92,645	72,085	2,174,147	96.76	23.47	+9	+1.3	+28.2	+24.8
Maine	5,824	20,805	15,458	564,581	96.94	27.14	+7	+5	+3.0	+2.0
Maryland ⁴	10,439	43,991	34,640	1,320,902	126.54	30.03	+2.0	+3.4	+24.0	+29.5
Massachusetts ⁵	17,061	58,623	43,921	2,572,819	150.80	43.89	+1.5	+1.0	+20.2	+17.6
Michigan	30,578	109,871	80,925	4,122,928	134.83	37.53	+1.1	+3.8	+14.9	+18.0
Minnesota	10,800	37,582	29,374	1,742,813	161.37	46.37	+4	+2.2	+8.5	+8.5
Mississippi	20,808	81,281	63,782	756,735	36.37	9.31	+1	+1	+5.4	+4.4
Missouri	26,451	101,987	77,676	2,474,338	93.54	24.26	+2	+2	+8.0	+8.0
Montana	1,952	7,301	5,796	249,676	127.91	34.20	—3	—3	+7.1	+13.0
Nebraska	3,151	12,264	9,449	374,719	118.92	30.55	+2	(9)	+14.6	+17.7
Nevada	1,306	4,530	3,575	136,347	104.40	30.10	+2.7	+2.0	+13.6	+28.9
New Hampshire	1,096	4,229	3,205	178,087	162.47	42.11	+8	—1.7	+9.0	+11.2
New Jersey	19,185	68,494	52,035	3,237,632	168.76	47.27	+1.4	+1.8	+28.8	+30.9
New Mexico	7,650	30,133	23,296	971,763	127.03	32.25	+3	+1	—2.5	—8
New York ¹	82,134	337,770	258,371	14,379,817	175.08	42.57	+1.2	+2.4	+26.7	+28.2
North Carolina	27,812	110,326	85,393	2,263,656	81.39	20.62	—4	+1.9	+8.8	+13.1
North Dakota	1,879	7,013	5,476	276,702	147.26	39.46	+1	—1.0	+2.1	+5.0
Ohio	32,209	128,217	97,686	3,968,931	123.22	30.93	+9	+1.4	+20.7	+24.7
Oklahoma ⁴	19,019	68,896	52,508	2,342,718	123.18	34.00	+1.3	+1.4	+7.1	+14.8
Oregon	6,592	22,718	16,907	971,907	147.44	42.79	—1.2	—1.0	+18.1	+27.5
Pennsylvania ⁵	67,026	271,991	208,195	8,444,762	125.99	31.05	+1	—1.4	+42.9	+40.3
Puerto Rico	68,349	227,395	182,272	864,017	14.81	3.80	+1	+2	+4.7	+3.0
Rhode Island ⁵	5,319	19,846	15,041	771,194	144.99	38.86	+2	+2	+21.9	+28.5
South Carolina	9,409	37,557	29,825	540,342	57.43	14.39	+1	+2.0	+1.0	+1.7
South Dakota	3,156	11,000	8,299	319,706	101.30	29.06	—1.0	—7	+7	—6.7
Tennessee	22,637	85,038	64,681	1,588,028	70.02	18.64	+6	+2	+4.7	+4.2
Texas	18,981	76,812	60,167	1,468,142	77.35	18.63	—4	—2	—1.8	+1.5
Utah ¹	4,253	15,915	11,961	599,864	141.04	37.69	+2.7	+2.9	+28.4	+23.1
Vermont	1,320	4,713	3,525	143,985	109.08	30.55	—5	—1.0	+6.8	+6.2
Virgin Islands	270	931	784	16,180	59.93	17.38	+3	—1.4	—1	+26.2
Virginia	10,534	42,768	33,513	1,025,161	97.32	23.97	+9	+8	+12.9	+26.5
Washington ¹	14,000	49,840	37,940	2,177,843	155.56	43.70	—29.3	+31.6	+27.6	+34.9
West Virginia ⁵	25,352	100,775	78,527	2,596,331	102.41	25.76	—2	—1.7	+8.8	+9.8
Wisconsin ⁴	10,170	37,214	28,340	1,651,208	162.36	44.37	—3	—4	+13.4	+17.3
Wyoming	778	2,879	2,221	108,003	138.82	37.51	—3	—4	+13.4	+17.3

¹ For definition of terms see the *Bulletin*, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.² Includes as recipients the children and 1 parent or other adult relative in families in which the requirements of at least 1 such adult were considered in determining the amount of assistance.³ Includes data on aid to dependent children of unemployed parents; see table 17.⁴ Includes data on foster family care as follows: California, \$2,893 for care of 42 children from 18 families; Hawaii, \$45 for 1 child from 1 family; Illinois, \$5,541 for 55 children from 23 families; Louisiana, \$1,619 for 26 children from 10 families; Maryland, \$1,659 for 20 children from 12 families; and Wisconsin, \$2,410 for 42 children from 22 families.⁵ Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.⁶ Estimated.

TABLE 19.—Aid to the blind: Recipients and payments to recipients, by State, August 1961¹

[Includes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such payments]

State	Number of recipients	Payments to recipients		Percentage change from—			
		Total amount	Average	July 1961 in—		August 1960 in—	
				Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Total ² ..	104,912	\$7,743,360	\$73.81	-0.2	+0.5	-2.7	-1.7
Ala.....	1,564	65,761	42.05	-3	-2	-2.9	+2.5
Alaska.....	101	7,487	74.13	(³)	(³)	-5.6	-2.5
Ariz.....	886	64,153	72.41	+2	(³)	+3.1	+2.9
Ark.....	1,988	112,281	56.48	+3	+3	-1.8	-1.2
Calif. ²	13,502	1,440,461	106.69	+2	+2.4	-7	-1.9
Colo.....	273	21,712	79.53	+1.9	+7	-6.8	-9.7
Conn.....	297	33,529	112.89	-1.0	+18.5	0	+17.2
Del.....	264	18,521	70.16	-1.5	-3	+5.2	+6.0
D. C.....	212	14,523	68.50	+2.9	+2.4	-4.5	-3.7
Fla.....	2,477	155,701	62.86	+2	+6	-1.7	+6
Ga.....	3,611	189,388	52.50	+2	(³)	+1.1	+1.0
Guam.....	6	123	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Hawaii.....	77	6,443	83.68	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Idaho.....	146	10,420	71.37	0	-3	-7.6	-10.5
Ill.....	2,933	254,466	86.76	-1	+3	-1.8	+3.3
Ind.....	1,872	142,517	76.13	+3	+1.9	+9	+5.6
Iowa.....	1,409	138,671	98.42	-6	(³)	-2.4	-1.9
Kans.....	587	50,354	85.78	+9	-5	-2.2	+1.9
Ky.....	2,426	145,264	59.88	+7	+2.9	-7	+14.7
La.....	2,791	225,832	80.91	+4	+2	+7	-9
Maine.....	418	28,104	67.23	+7	+6	-5.0	-4
Md.....	432	28,082	65.00	-7	-7	-7.1	-7.2
Mass.....	2,186	266,335	121.84	+1	+7.2	+1.5	+6.6
Mich.....	1,730	139,427	80.59	+2	-9	-2.9	-3.6
Minn.....	1,057	115,962	109.71	-4	+3.2	-1	+9.3
Miss.....	4,844	186,731	38.55	-4.4	-4.4	-23.7	-24.1
Mo. ²	4,902	145,630	65.00	-7	-7	-3.2	-3.2
Mont.....	316	22,766	72.04	+6	+6	-7.3	-5.0
Nebr.....	769	71,042	92.38	-4	-3.9	-6.0	(³)
Nev.....	182	18,272	100.40	+1.7	+1.0	-4.2	-2.7
N. H.....	247	22,248	90.07	-4	-2.8	+8	+11.2
N. J.....	929	81,390	87.61	+4	-2	-1.9	+1.6
N. Mex.....	365	23,386	64.07	+1.4	+7.9	-1.1	+1.4
N. Y.....	3,425	333,822	97.47	-1	-5	-10.8	-23.4
N. C.....	5,179	284,834	55.00	-3	-1.6	-6	-1
N. Dak.....	89	6,651	74.73	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Ohio.....	3,508	280,015	79.82	-2	+6.2	(³)	+7.8
Okla.....	1,806	160,626	88.94	-4	-4	-2.3	-11.2
Oreg.....	255	22,232	87.18	+1.2	+3	-3.8	-7.2
Pa. ²	17,944	1,339,001	74.62	+2	-1.4	+0	+1.4
P. R.....	1,809	14,833	8.20	-1.1	-1.0	-4.9	-5.0
R. I.....	114	8,982	78.79	-9	-2.6	-9.5	-8.8
S. C.....	1,696	78,612	46.35	0	+3.1	-7	+3.8
S. Dak.....	164	10,054	61.30	+1.2	+8	-2.4	+3
Tenn.....	2,624	123,619	47.11	-4	-1.2	-5.1	-5.4
Tex.....	6,289	367,012	58.36	-3	-4	-1.2	-1.4
Utah.....	191	15,738	82.40	-2.6	+9.3	-4.0	+9.1
Vt.....	112	6,917	61.76	+9	-5	+17.6	-20.3
V. I.....	19	599	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Va.....	1,235	73,436	59.06	-7	+2	-1.1	+8.5
Wash. ²	715	67,948	95.03	-	+3	-3.8	+4.3
W. Va.....	978	43,891	44.88	+4	-3.7	-5.4	-1.8
Wis.....	913	80,069	87.70	-1.5	-	-	-
Wyo.....	58	4,267	73.57	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)

¹ For definition of terms see the *Bulletin*, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.

² Data include recipients of payments made without Federal participation and payments to these recipients as follows: California, \$35,440 to 311 recipients; Missouri, \$46,728 to 702 recipients; and Pennsylvania, \$860,716 to 11,789 recipients.

³ Average payment not computed on base of fewer than 50 recipients; percentage change, on fewer than 100 recipients.

⁴ Increase of less than 0.05 percent.

⁵ Estimated.

TABLE 20.—Aid to the permanently and totally disabled: Recipients and payments to recipients, by State, August 1961¹

[Includes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such payments]

State	Number of recipients	Payments to recipients		Percentage change from—			
		Total amount	Average	July 1961 in—		August 1960 in—	
				Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Total ² ..	388,640	\$26,589,659	\$68.42	+0.6	+0.7	+6.1	+9.6
Ala.....	12,189	462,106	37.91	-4	+4	-7	+3.7
Ark.....	7,559	319,064	42.21	+7	+2.8	+3.8	+12.8
Calif.....	14,250	1,409,928	98.94	+3.6	+4.8	+47.5	+54.3
Colo.....	5,653	402,440	71.19	-3	+1.0	+2	+3.3
Conn.....	2,338	278,084	118.94	(³)	-4.1	+8.1	+4.8
Del.....	431	25,905	60.10	-5	-0.1	+15.5	+22.7
D. C.....	2,707	204,274	75.46	-1.4	-1.5	-4.8	-4.1
Fla.....	10,683	695,530	65.11	+2.6	+1.5	+14.8	+16.0
Ga.....	23,380	1,203,226	51.46	+2	+2	+7.4	+6.6
Guam.....	75	1,717	22.89	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)
Hawaii.....	946	89,282	94.38	-2.4	+12.7	-6.7	+6.1
Idaho.....	1,670	95,259	57.04	-1.7	-1	+60.1	+23.8
Ill.....	20,248	1,775,313	87.68	+1.1	+1.0	+8.9	+15.3
Iowa.....	729	48,694	66.80	+1.0	-14.9	+71.1	+41.3
Kans.....	4,186	367,355	87.76	-4	+1.1	-7	+4.1
Ky.....	8,202	502,694	61.29	+2.1	+4.1	+6.0	+21.9
La.....	16,780	944,111	56.26	+7	+1.5	+1.5	+1.8
Maine.....	2,159	153,721	71.20	+1.1	+1.3	+4	+4.2
Md.....	6,431	418,019	65.00	-2	-3	+7	+7
Mass.....	10,084	1,230,501	122.98	(³)	+3.9	-2.1	+4
Mich.....	5,393	527,019	97.72	+1.4	-8.2	+11.4	+9.6
Minn.....	2,617	159,925	61.11	+1.0	+6	+8.0	+7.8
Miss.....	12,840	447,571	34.86	+1.1	+2	+7.0	+8.0
Mo.....	15,415	980,150	63.58	(³)	+6	(³)	+2.1
Mont.....	1,273	91,738	72.06	+2	+5	+2.8	+2.9
Nebr.....	2,152	164,409	76.40	-5	+4	+17.4	+27.3
N. H.....	446	44,524	99.83	-4	-2.8	+4.2	+10.4
N. J.....	7,481	701,986	93.84	+5	-7	+6.5	+6.6
N. Mex.....	2,730	193,772	70.98	+8	+1.3	+9.9	+17.5
N. Y.....	35,905	3,839,491	106.93	-3	-1.2	-1.6	+2.6
N. C.....	20,517	1,106,138	53.91	+1.4	+6.8	+8.4	+16.7
N. Dak.....	1,132	109,053	94.66	+1.0	-4.1	+3	+8.8
Ohio.....	14,068	1,040,132	73.94	+6	+1.7	+13.3	+17.1
Okla.....	10,402	1,013,142	97.40	+2.2	+1.0	+8.9	+18.6
Oreg.....	4,983	433,298	91.34	+1.7	+1.5	+2.6	+4.5
Pa.....	17,817	1,093,215	61.36	+2	-3.5	+1.2	+1.4
P. R.....	22,682	196,509	8.66	-2	(³)	+2.4	+1.4
R. I.....	2,986	258,803	86.67	+3	+6	+2.2	+3.5
S. C.....	7,946	359,773	45.28	-4	+4.4	+2.4	+6.1
S. Dak.....	1,126	72,796	64.65	-1	-1.0	-2.2	-2.0
Tenn.....	10,762	496,984	46.18	+1.3	+1.5	+14.5	+16.2
Tex.....	7,522	408,387	54.29	+1.1	+1.1	+16.1	+16.1
Utah.....	2,741	242,907	88.62	+2.0	+22.1	+15.7	+31.6
Vt.....	845	54,147	64.08	+7	+6	-7.7	-7.3
V. I.....	97	3,415	35.21	(³)	(³)	-10.2	+18.6
Va.....	6,726	407,600	60.60	+8	+3.2	+4.8	+25.1
Wash. ²	7,360	642,465	87.29	-	-	-	-
W. Va.....	7,256	317,829	43.80	-4	(³)	-9	+4.3
Wis.....	4,131	428,105	103.63	+9	-5	+20.4	+21.7
Wyo.....	589	47,153	80.06	+2	+5.1	+13.1	+24.4

¹ For definition of terms see the *Bulletin*, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.

² Decrease of less than 0.05 percent.

³ Percentage change not computed on base of fewer than 100 recipients.

⁴ Increase of less than 0.05 percent.

⁵ Estimated.

TABLE 21.—General assistance: Recipients and payments to recipients, by State, August 1961¹

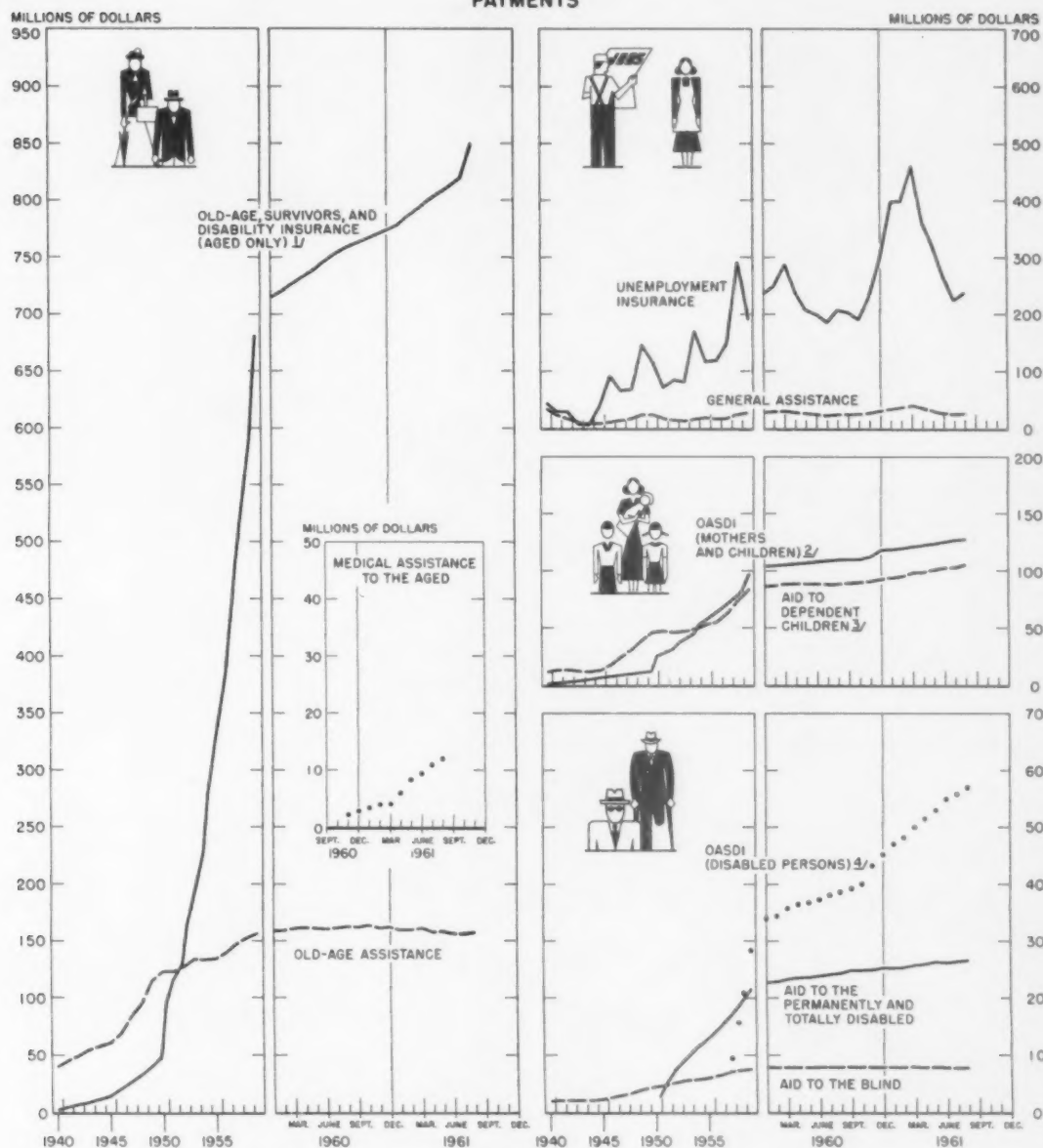
(Excludes vendor payments for medical care and cases receiving only such payments)

State	Number of—		Payments to recipients			Percentage change from—			
	Cases	Recipients	Total amount	Average per—		July 1961 in—		August 1960 in—	
				Case	Recipient	Number of recipients	Amount	Number of recipients	Amount
Total ²	391,000	966,000	\$25,572,000	\$65.46	\$25.95	+0.7	+4.3	+4.4	+4.4
Alabama.....	91	94	1,156	12.70	12.30	-11.3	-10.9	(³)	(³)
Alaska.....	155	420	10,129	65.35	24.12	-6.5	-23.0	+43.8	-1.2
Arizona.....	3,716	6,618	178,623	48.07	26.99	+13.1	+7.0	+8.1	+7.1
Arkansas.....	318	1,033	4,640	14.59	4.49	+1.7	+5.5	-19.0	-13.1
California.....	37,079	78,695	2,408,671	64.96	30.61	+8.8	+8.3	+16.7	+18.0
Colorado.....	1,104	3,861	45,079	40.88	11.68	+1.7	+1.1	-9.3	-20.0
Connecticut.....	4,589	13,167	317,374	69.16	24.10	-15.6	-18.9	-6.8	-1.7
Delaware.....	1,642	2,693	87,490	53.28	32.61	-34.7	-19.6	-24.3	-10.5
District of Columbia.....	1,640	1,783	121,701	74.21	68.26	+5.4	+4.5	+19.5	+21.5
Florida ⁴	9,700	(⁵)	328,000						
Georgia.....	2,330	5,609	69,233	29.71	12.34	+10.7	+5.6	+2.4	+4.3
Guam.....	4	27	290	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)	(⁶)
Hawaii.....	945	1,240	63,085	66.76	50.88	+5	+4.3	-32.4	-16.2
Illinois.....	46,248	116,184	4,200,257	90.82	36.15	-4	+2.0	+3.2	+2.9
Indiana ⁷	22,471	74,296	783,063	33.96	10.27	-2.5	+5.4	+40.6	+29.7
Iowa.....	4,024	9,730	150,715	37.45	15.49	+2.6	+6.1	+12.9	+7.6
Kansas.....	2,916	8,561	197,804	67.83	23.11	-1.8	+1.8	+29.2	+29.0
Kentucky.....	2,284	6,669	81,526	35.69	12.22	-2.6	-10.0	+27.2	+31.5
Louisiana.....	8,456	9,307	433,390	51.25	46.57	-8	-8	+3.5	+2.5
Maine.....	2,284	7,187	87,296	38.22	12.15	-4.0	+3	(⁸)	(⁸)
Maryland.....	3,618	4,129	240,695	66.53	58.29	+8	+2.4	-7	+32.2
Massachusetts.....	7,200	15,609	495,270	68.79	31.73	-3.7	+5.8	-9.4	-2.6
Michigan.....	37,620	139,111	3,797,955	100.96	27.30	+3.0	+11.0	+39.5	+32.9
Minnesota.....	8,567	25,057	655,442	76.51	26.16	-5	+8.9	+24.0	+20.2
Mississippi.....	966	1,244	14,904	15.43	11.98	-5.0	-1.8	-8.6	-3.2
Missouri.....	9,057	12,412	615,588	67.97	49.60	+2.3	+1.3	+4.7	+32.3
Montana.....	1,104	3,213	56,554	51.23	17.60	-7.6	-2.1	+1.5	+12.1
Nebraska.....	963	2,549	49,772	51.68	19.53	-4.7	+0	-14.3	-9.0
Nevada.....	294	563	9,789	33.30	17.39	-22.5	-1.1	-1.9	-14.7
New Hampshire.....	735	2,368	45,145	61.42	19.06	-5.8	+2.6	+9.6	+33.6
New Jersey ⁹	8,385	27,219	942,335	112.38	34.62	-8	+3.0	+14.0	+16.0
New Mexico.....	545	932	22,547	41.37	24.19	-4.1	-5.6	-13.1	-25.9
New York ¹⁰	32,512	72,798	2,170,702	66.77	29.82	-3.6	+3	-30.7	-28.5
North Carolina.....	1,762	4,579	67,922	38.55	14.83	+11.6	+94.6	-23.5	+22.3
North Dakota.....	449	1,778	21,309	47.46	11.98	+21.4	+24.1	+68.7	+59.3
Ohio.....	36,880	132,427	2,951,632	80.03	22.29	+7.5	+10.8	+21.1	+26.4
Oklahoma.....	7,955	(¹¹)	96,665	12.15			+10.6		-6.4
Oregon.....	3,783	(¹¹)	157,991	41.76			-27.7		-7
Pennsylvania.....	35,597	43,122	2,042,799	57.39	47.37	+3	+5	-48.3	-27.4
Puerto Rico.....	1,732	1,732	12,020	6.94	6.94	+157.0	+140.5	+1.6	-1.5
Rhode Island.....	2,615	5,819	137,173	52.46	23.57	+4.6	-5.4	-6.1	-24.9
South Carolina.....	1,603	2,668	50,683	31.62	19.00	-3.5	+1.1	-2.8	-2.2
South Dakota.....	235	728	7,077	30.11	9.72	-1.8	-8.1	+14.5	+15.1
Tennessee.....	2,205	6,864	38,657	17.53	5.63	+10.9	-2.1	+26.4	+18.2
Texas ¹²	9,400	(¹¹)	253,000						
Utah.....	1,255	2,016	74,670	59.50	37.04	-24.5	-10.0	-54.2	-44.4
Vermont ¹³	900	(¹¹)	22,000						
Virgin Islands.....	125	132	3,916	31.33	29.67	-2.9	-3.4	+13.8	+46.1
Virginia.....	1,998	4,677	91,229	45.77	19.51	-5.6	+1.5		+27.3
Washington ¹⁴	8,970	18,180	617,500	68.54	33.97				
West Virginia.....	2,761	4,351	87,058	31.53	20.01	-5.7	+2.0	+6.1	+21.7
Wisconsin.....	8,579	26,167	753,831	87.87	28.81	+5	+1.8	+22.6	+31.1
Wyoming.....	273	975	17,190	62.97	17.63	+13.6	+12.5	-11.8	-14.9

¹ For definition of terms see the *Bulletin*, October 1957, p. 18. All data subject to revision.² Partly estimated; does not represent sum of State figures because totals exclude for Indiana and New Jersey estimated numbers of cases and persons receiving only medical care, hospitalization, and/or burial and payments for such services; recipient count also includes an estimate for States not reporting such data. Excludes Idaho; data not available.³ Average payment not computed on base of fewer than 50 recipients; percentage change, on fewer than 100 recipients.⁴ About 11 percent of this total is estimated.⁵ Partly estimated.⁶ Data not available.⁷ Includes unknown numbers of cases and persons receiving only medical care, hospitalization, and/or burial, and total payments for such services.⁸ Not computed; data not comparable.⁹ Includes an unknown number of cases and persons receiving only medical care.¹⁰ Estimated on basis of reports from sample of local jurisdictions.¹¹ Estimated.

Social Security Operations*

PAYMENTS



*Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance: benefits paid during month (current-payment status); annual data represent average monthly total. Public assistance: payments during month under all State programs; annual data represent average monthly total. Unemployment insurance: gross benefits paid during month under all State laws; annual data represent average monthly total.

¹ Receiving old-age, wife's or husband's, widow's or widower's, or parent's benefits.

² Receiving mother's benefit, wife's benefit payable to young wives with child beneficiaries in their care, or child's benefit payable to children under age 18.

³ Children plus 1 adult per family when adults are included in assistance group; before October 1950 partly estimated.

⁴ Disabled workers or the disabled dependent children aged 18 or over of retired, disabled, or deceased workers.

NOTE: Data for payments and data for individuals receiving payments appear in alternate months.

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